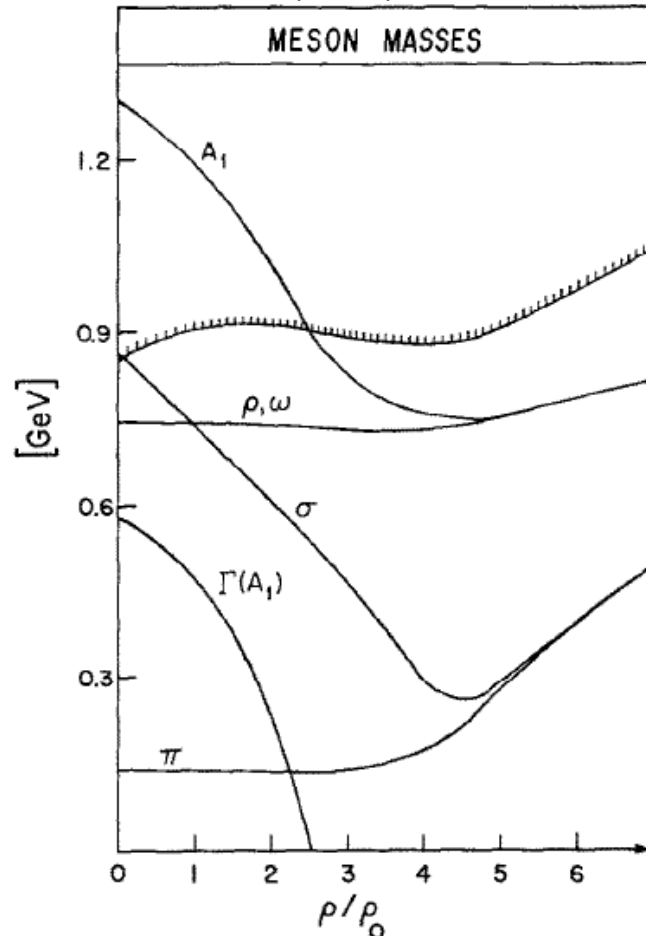


Inclusive e^+e^- pair production in cold nuclear matter

- Motivation:
the ω meson in matter
- HADES experiment:
 $p + Nb \quad E_{\text{kin}} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
- M_{inv} and momentum distributions
- Comparison:
 $p + p \quad E_{\text{kin}} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
- Conclusion

Michael Weber
for the HADES Collaboration

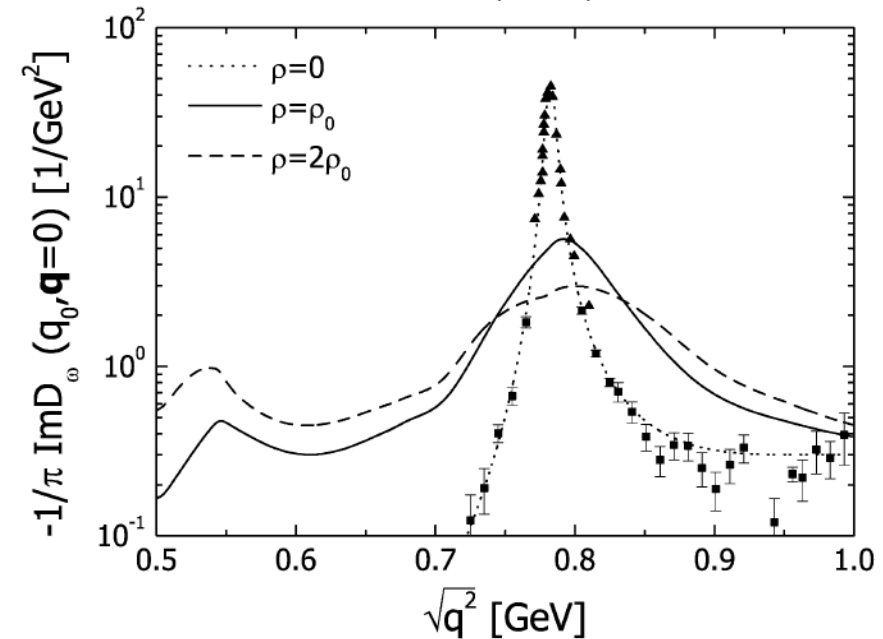
V. Bernard and U.G. Meissner,
NPA 489 (1988) 647



NJL Lagrangian:

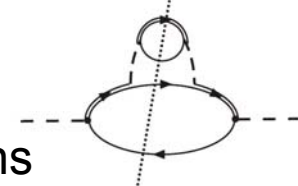
- mass degeneracy with increasing density

P. Mühlich et al.,
NPA 780 (2006) 187



Coupled channel eff. Lagrangian:

- Broadening (~ 60 MeV)
- Coupling to D13, S11 resonance-hole excitations



	KEK	JLab	CBELSA/ TAPS	CERES	NA60
reaction	pA 12 GeV	γ A 0.6-3.8 GeV	γ A 0.7-2.5 GeV	Au+Au 158 AGeV	In+In 158 AGeV
momentum acceptance	$p > 0.5$ GeV/c	$p > 0.8$ GeV/c	$p > 0.0$ GeV/c	$p_t > 0.0$ GeV/c	$p_t > 0.0$ GeV/c
ρ	$\frac{\Delta m}{m} = -9\%$	$\Delta m \approx 0$ some broadening		broadening favoured over density dependent mass shift	$\Delta m \approx 0$ strong broadening
ω	no broadening		$\frac{\Delta m}{m} \approx ??$ $\frac{\Gamma_\omega(\rho_0)}{\Gamma_\omega} \approx 16$		
Φ	$\frac{\Delta m}{m} = -3.4\%$ $\frac{\Gamma_\Phi(\rho_0)}{\Gamma_\Phi} = 3.6$				

M.Naruki et al.,
PRL 96 (2006) 092301

R.Muto et al.,
PRL 98 (2007) 042501

R.Nasseripour et al.,
PRL 99 (2007) 272302

M.H.Wood et al.,
PRC 78 (2008) 015201

M.Kotulla et al.,
PRL 100 (2008) 192302

M.Nanova et al.,
nucl-ex 1005.5694

D. Adamova et al.,
nucl-ex 0611022

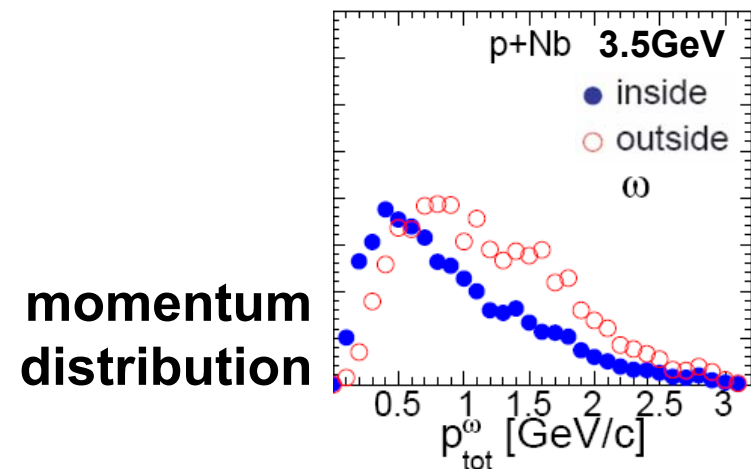
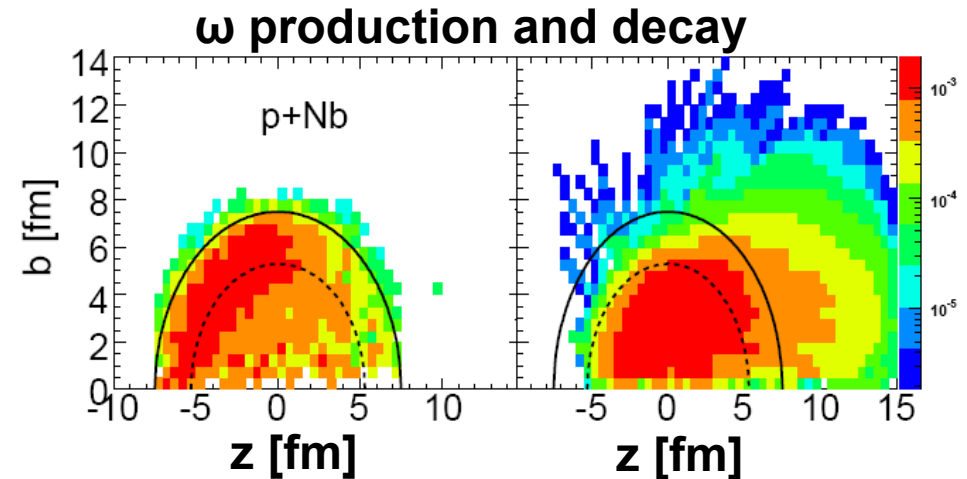
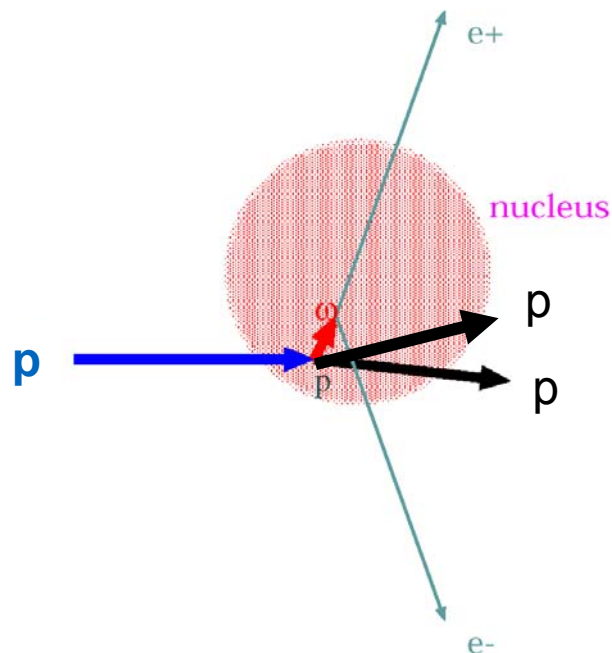
R. Arnaldi et al.,
PRL 96 (2006)

Small energies above threshold ($Q \sim 500$ MeV)

$$pN_{\text{bound}} \rightarrow pN\omega \rightarrow pNe^+e^-$$

e^+e^- : reconstruct ω mass

$$m_{\omega} = \sqrt{(\sum E_i)^2 - (\sum \mathbf{p}_i)^2}$$



HADES proposal 2006

observ.	detector
---------	----------

p	MDC
---	-----

($\Delta p/p \sim 1-2\%$)	
-----------------------------	--

β	TOF(ino)
---------	----------

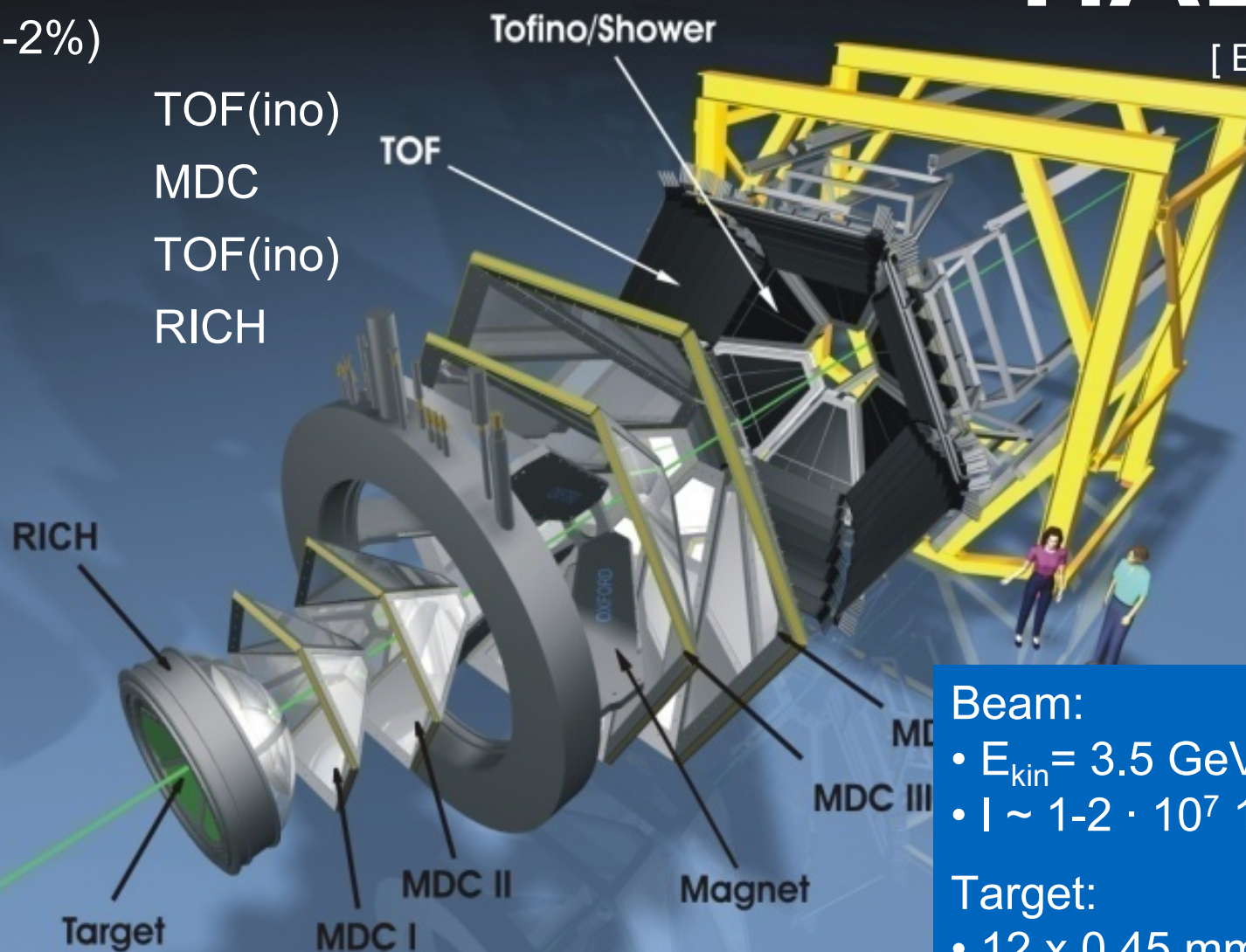
dE/dx	MDC
-------	-----

	TOF(ino)
--	----------

e^+/e^-	RICH
-----------	------

HADES

[EPJ A41 243]



Beam:

p

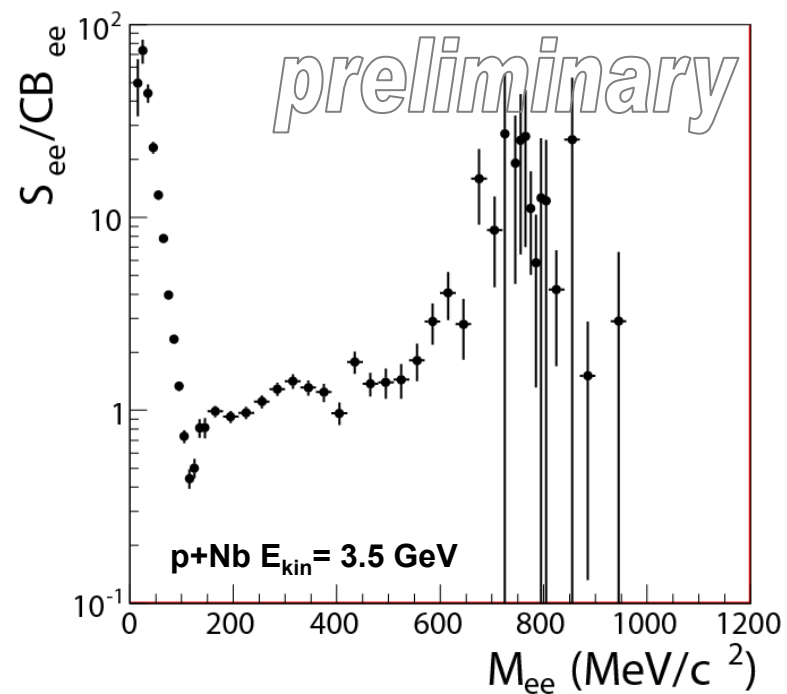
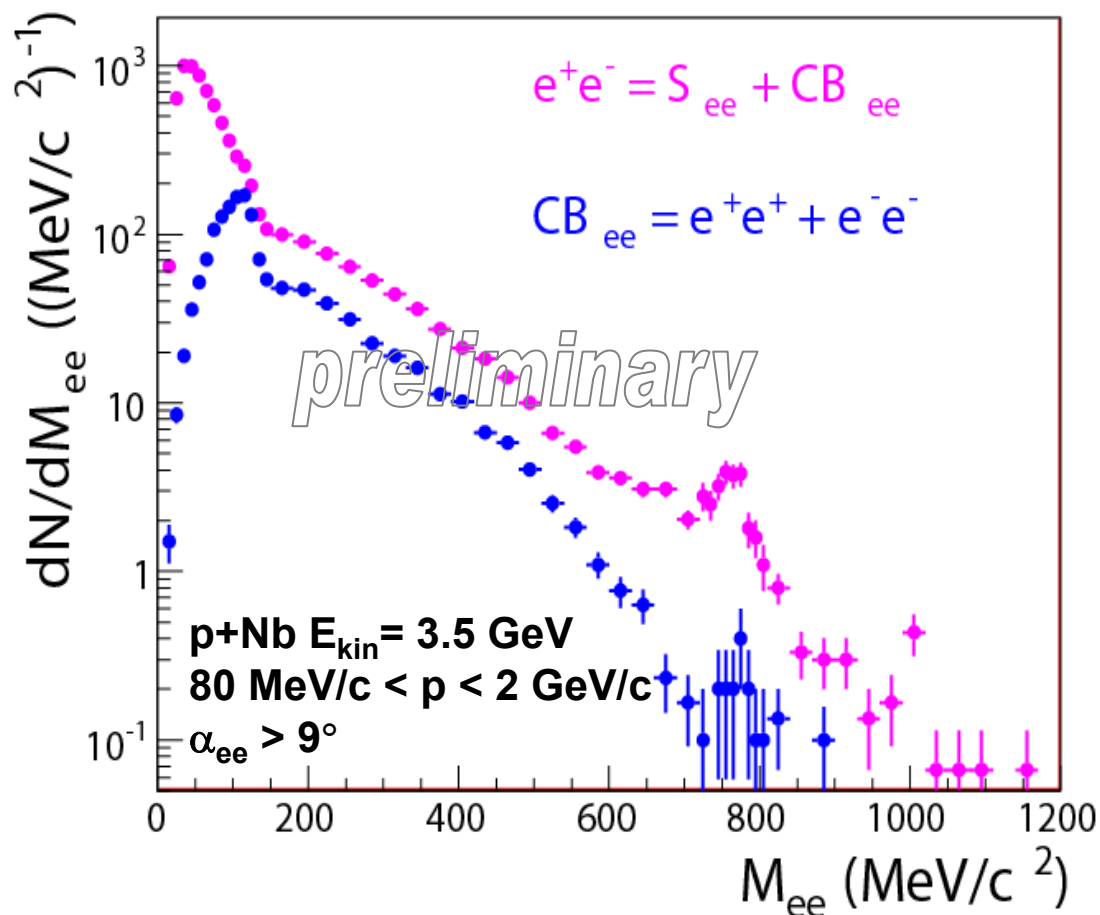
- $E_{\text{kin}} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
- $I \sim 1-2 \cdot 10^7 \text{ 1/s}$

Target:

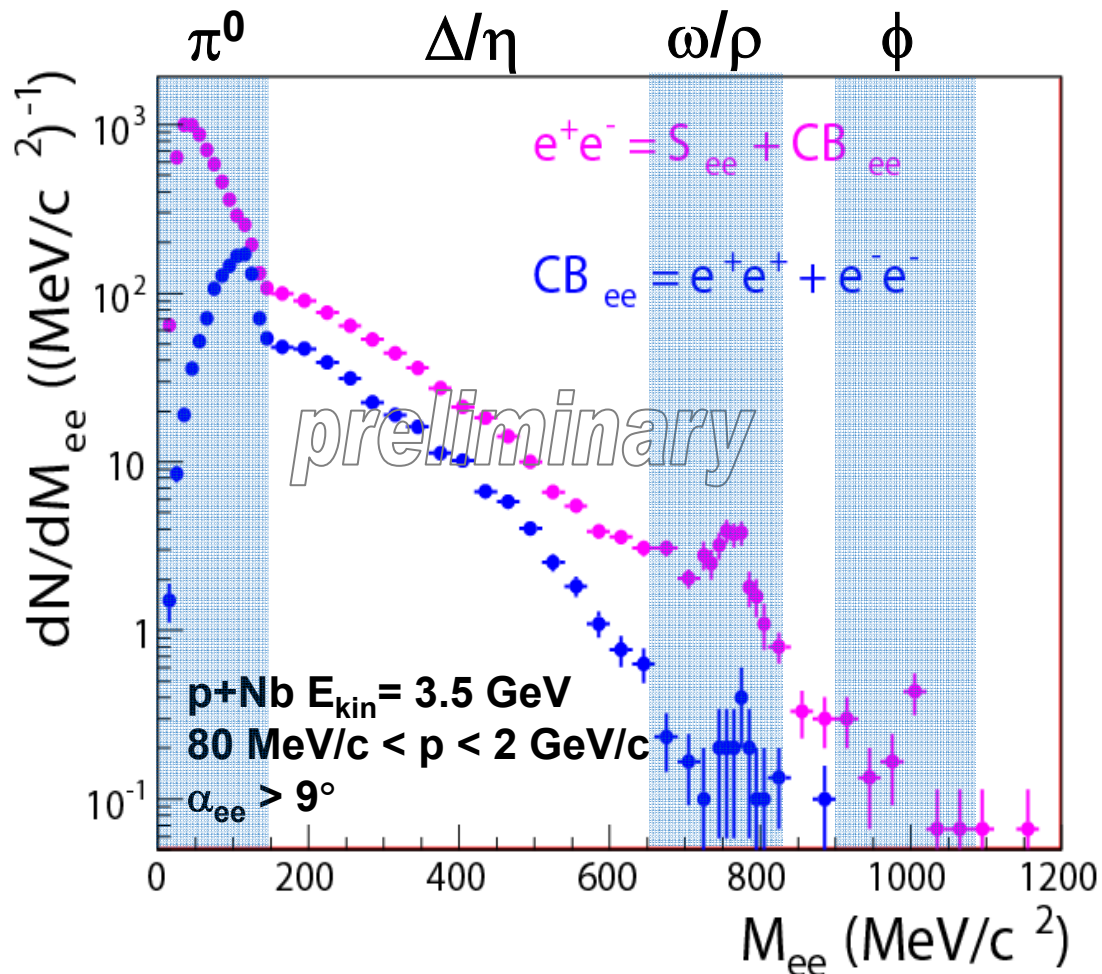
^{93}Nb

- $12 \times 0.45 \text{ mm}$
- 3% reaction probability

$9.2 \cdot 10^9 \text{ collisions}$



S/N ~ 10 in ω/ρ region



Sources of e^+e^- pairs:

γ	$\rightarrow$	e^+e^-
π^0	$\rightarrow \gamma$	e^+e^-
Δ	$\rightarrow N$	e^+e^-
η	$\rightarrow \gamma$	e^+e^-
ω	$\rightarrow \pi^0$	e^+e^-
ω/ρ	$\rightarrow$	e^+e^-
ϕ	$\rightarrow$	e^+e^-

- to π^0 yield:
 - compare measured $\pi^\pm$ yield with transport model (UrQMD)
 - conclude from reproduced $\pi^\pm$ yield to π^0 yield and extrapolate to 4π

- to reaction cross section:

$$p+Nb : \quad \sigma_R = 1080 \text{ mb}$$

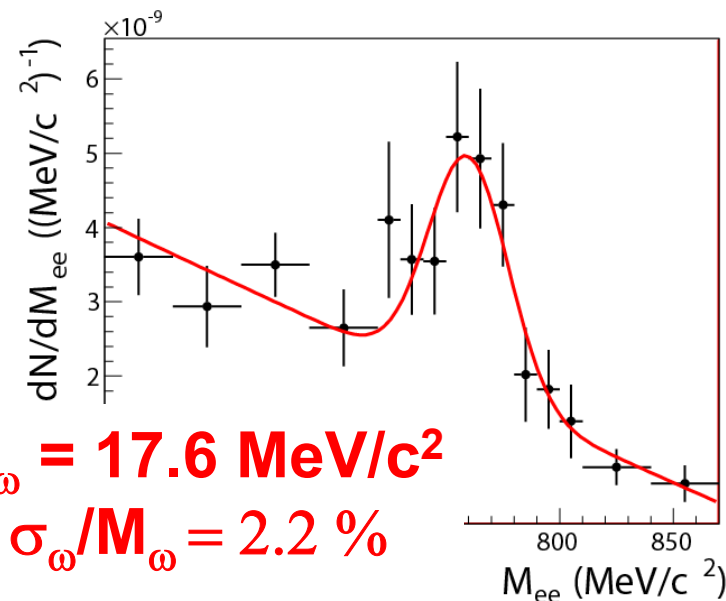
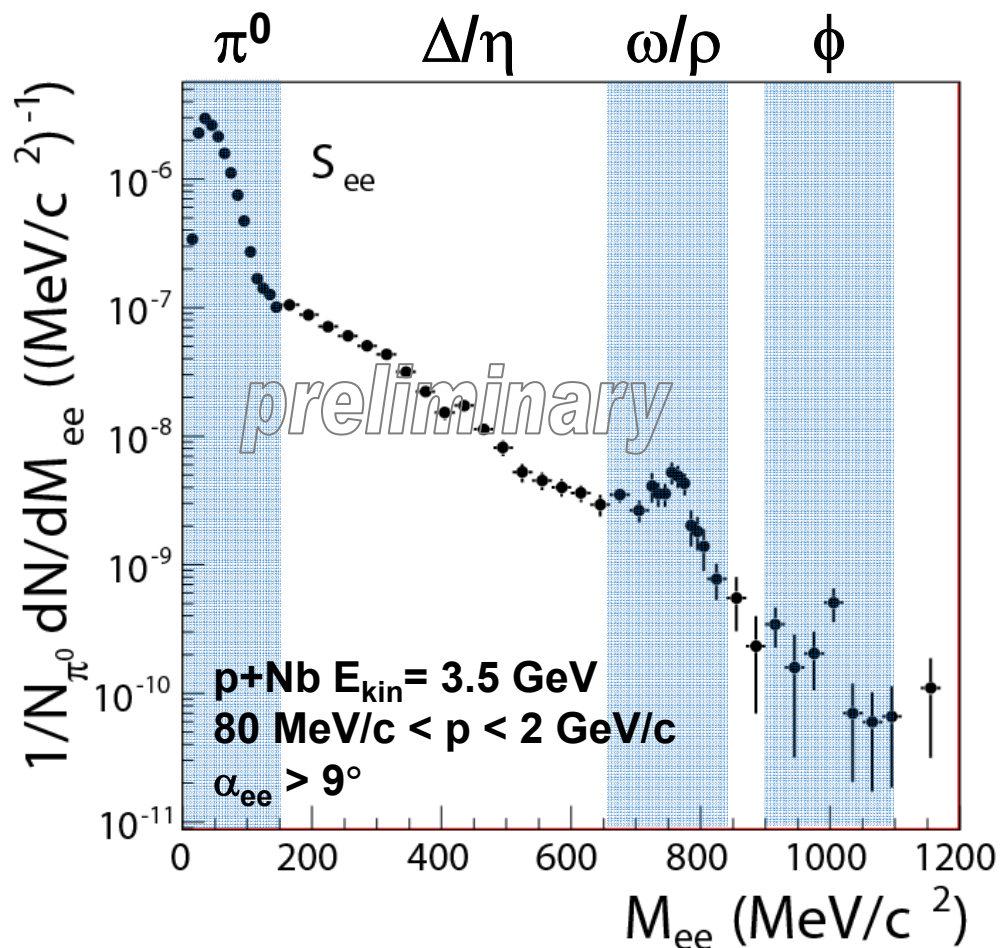
$$\sigma(\pi^0) / \sigma_R = 0.66$$

$$\sigma(\pi^0) = 713 \text{ mb}$$

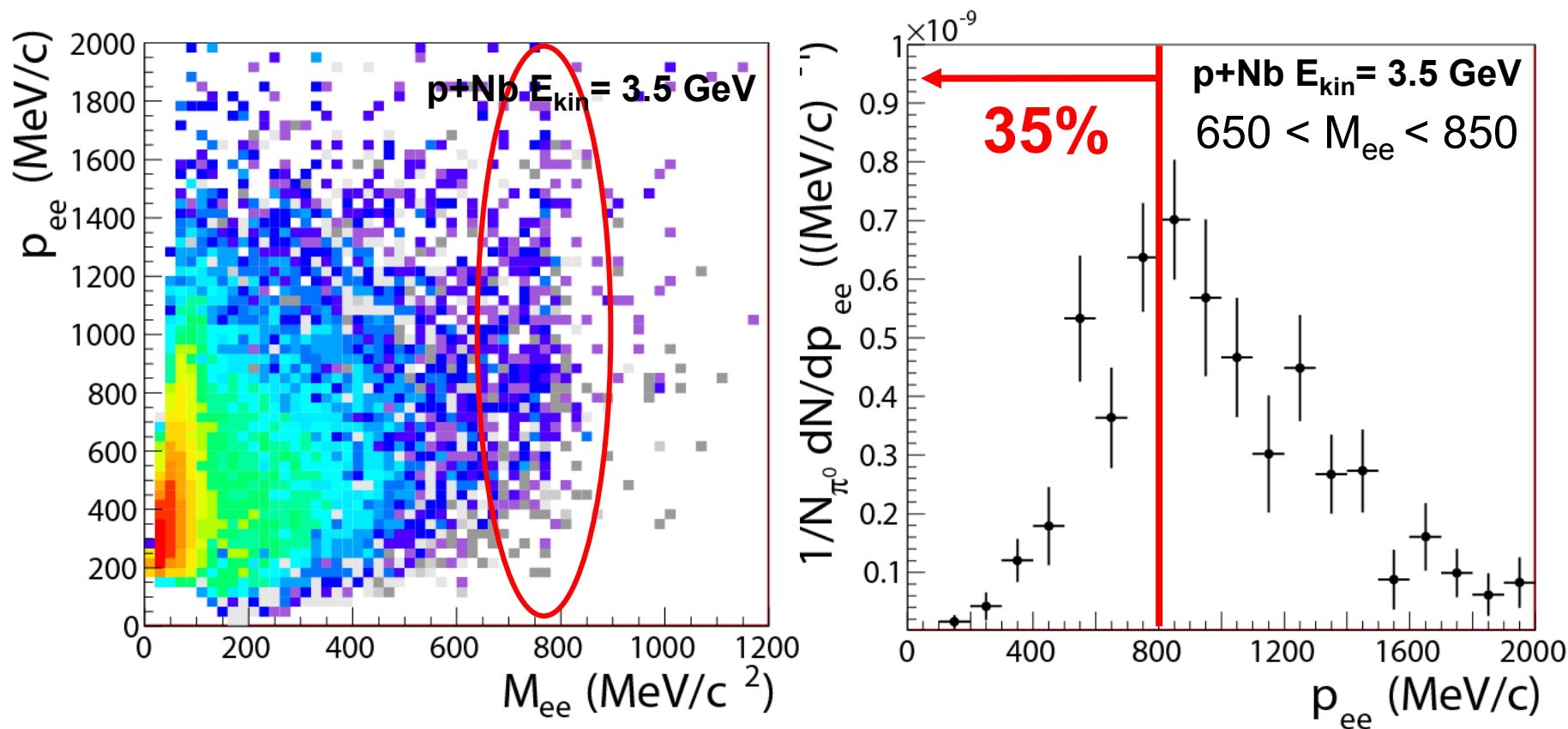
Wellisch et al., PRC 54 (1996) 1329

from UrQMD calculation

Normalized to π^0 yield

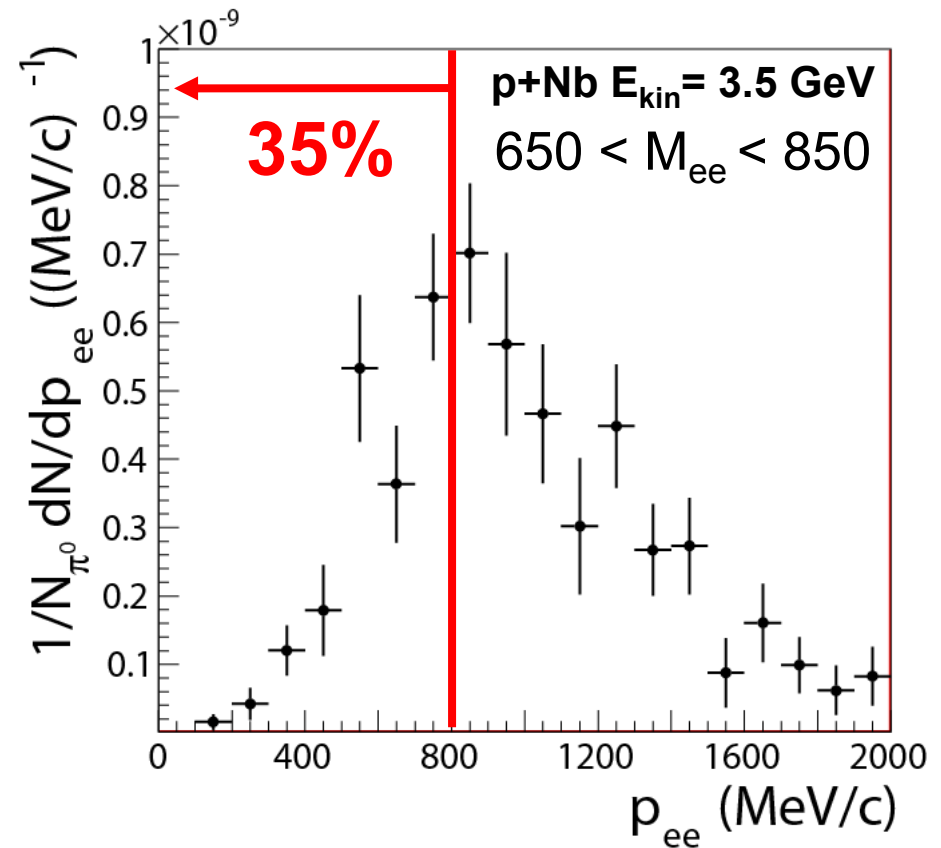
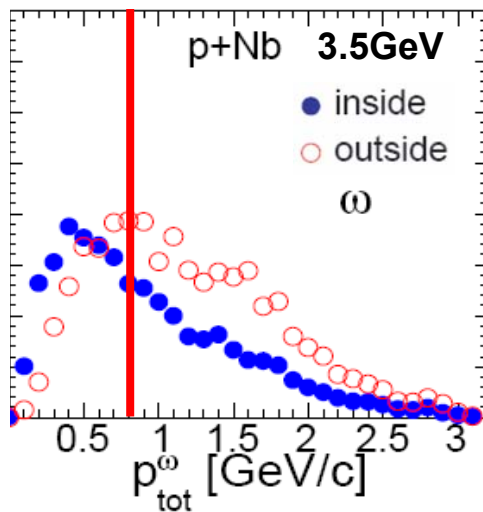


signal pairs	$6.5 \cdot 10^5$
π^0 region	$5.5 \cdot 10^5$
ω/ρ region	463
ϕ region	36

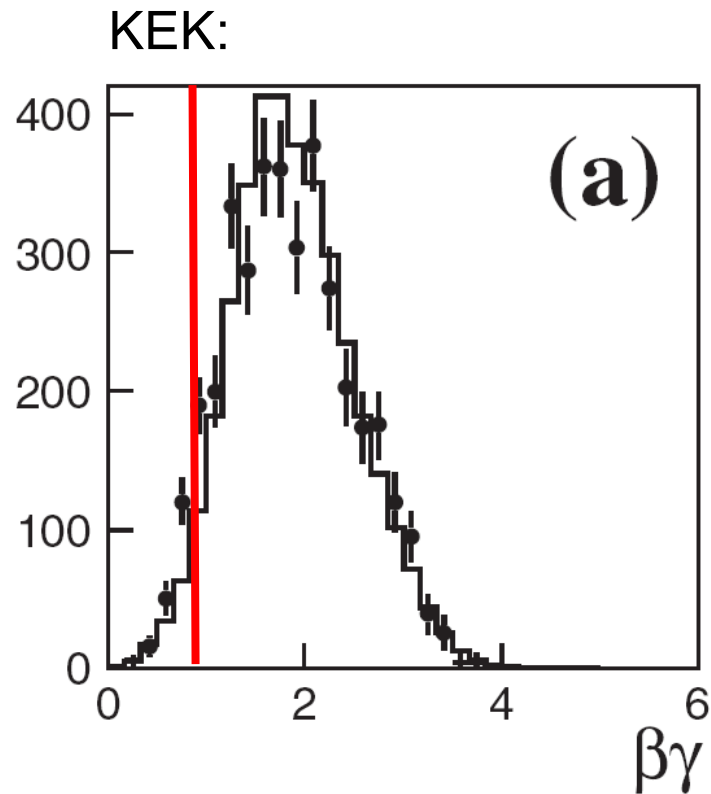


HADES: Significant e^+e^- yield with low pair momenta

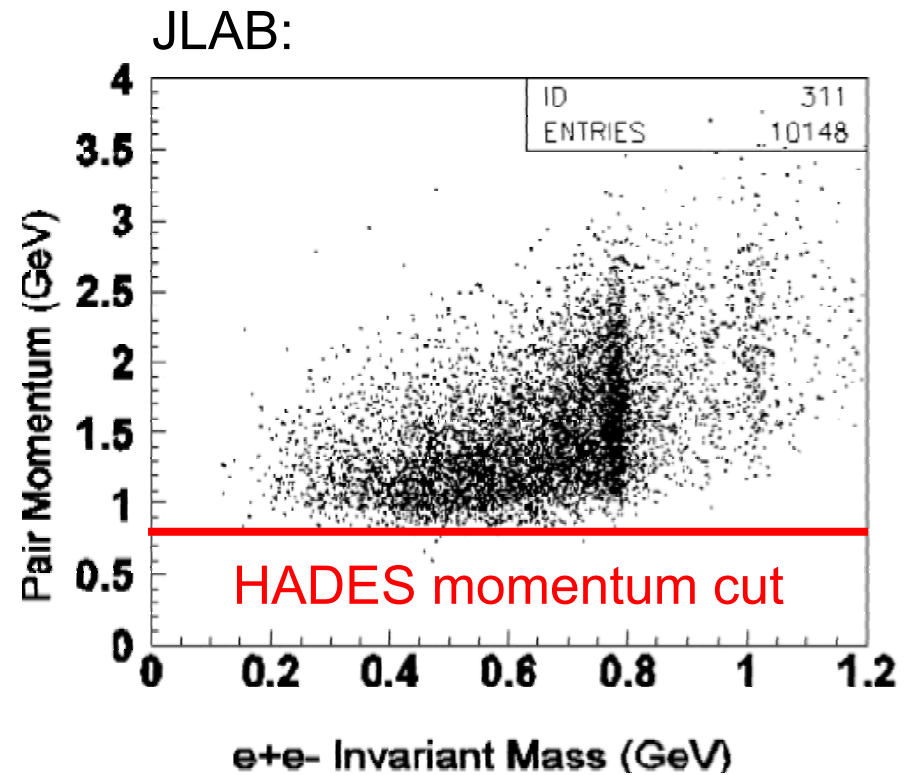
decays inside nucleus



HADES: Significant e^+e^- yield with low pair momenta



R.Muto et al., PRL 98 (2007) 042501



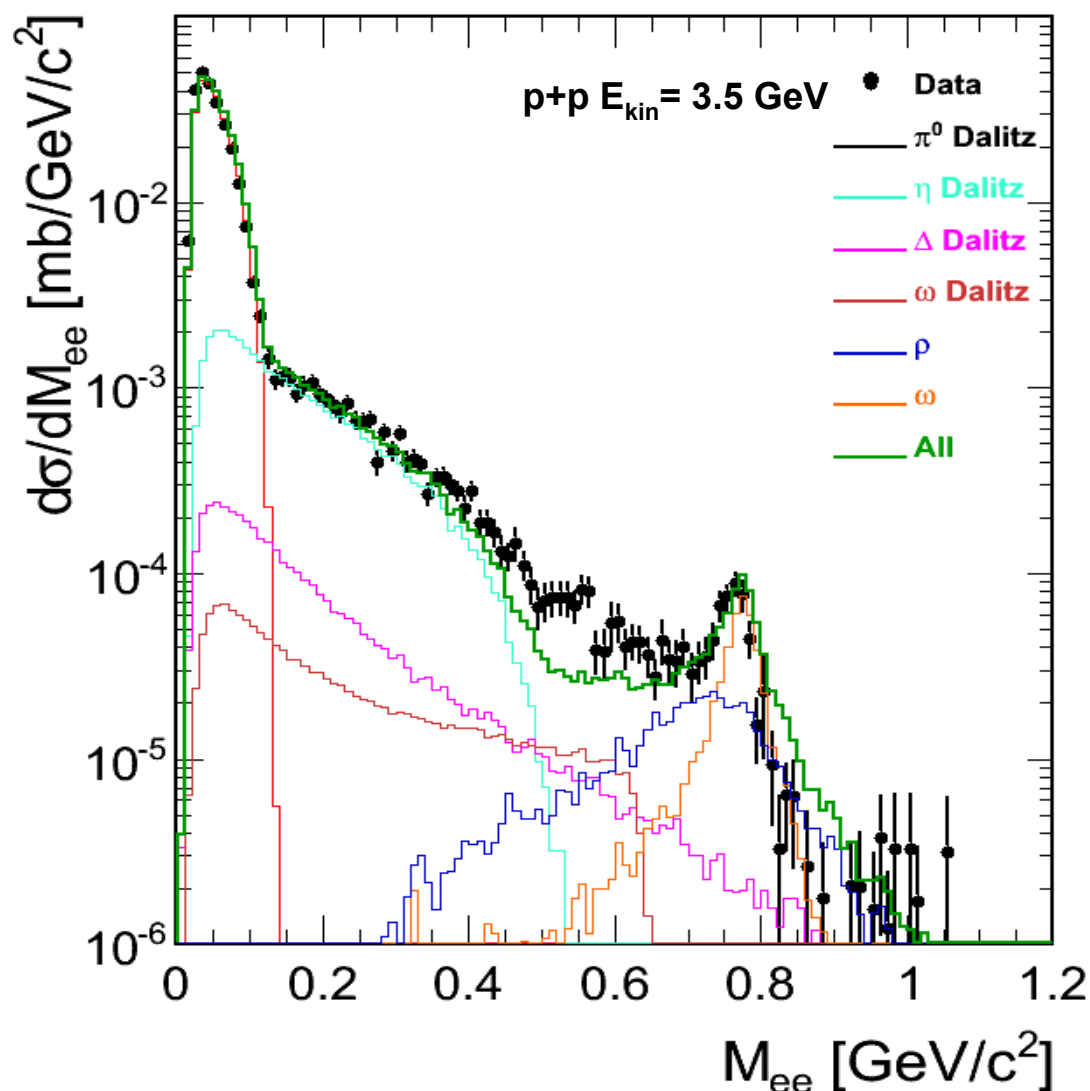
S.Leupold, V.Metag and U.Mosel, nucl-th 0907.2388

Beam: p
 • $E_{\text{kin}} = 3.5 \text{ GeV}$
 • $I \sim 1 \cdot 10^7 \text{ 1/s}$
 Target: p
 • 4.4 cm liquid hydrogen
 $3.5 \cdot 10^9 \text{ events}$

Normalization to elastic scattering:

Inclusive cross sections (mb)

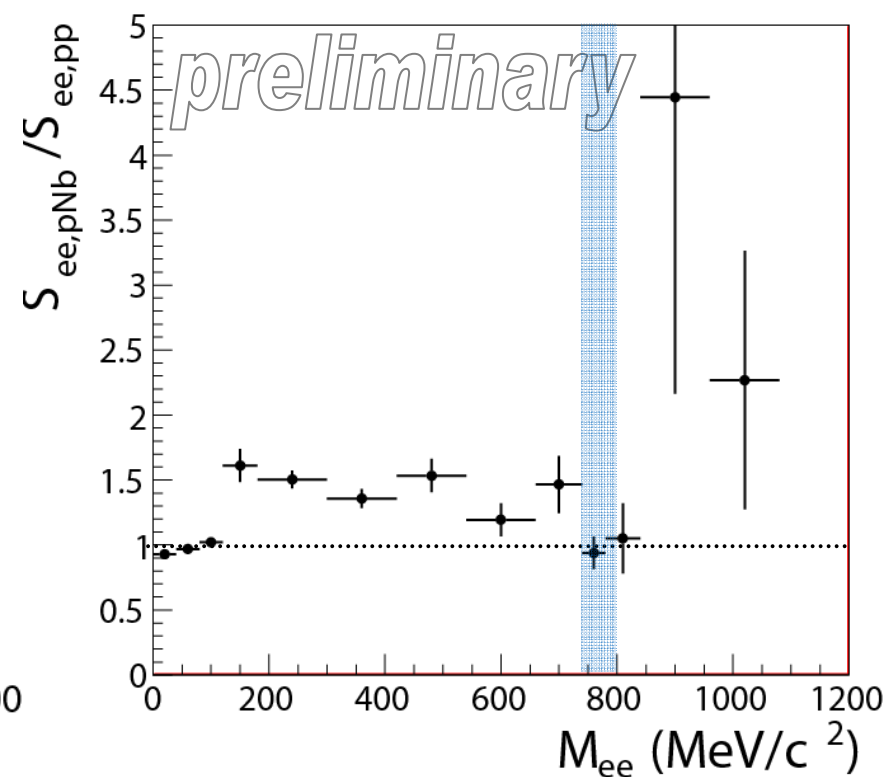
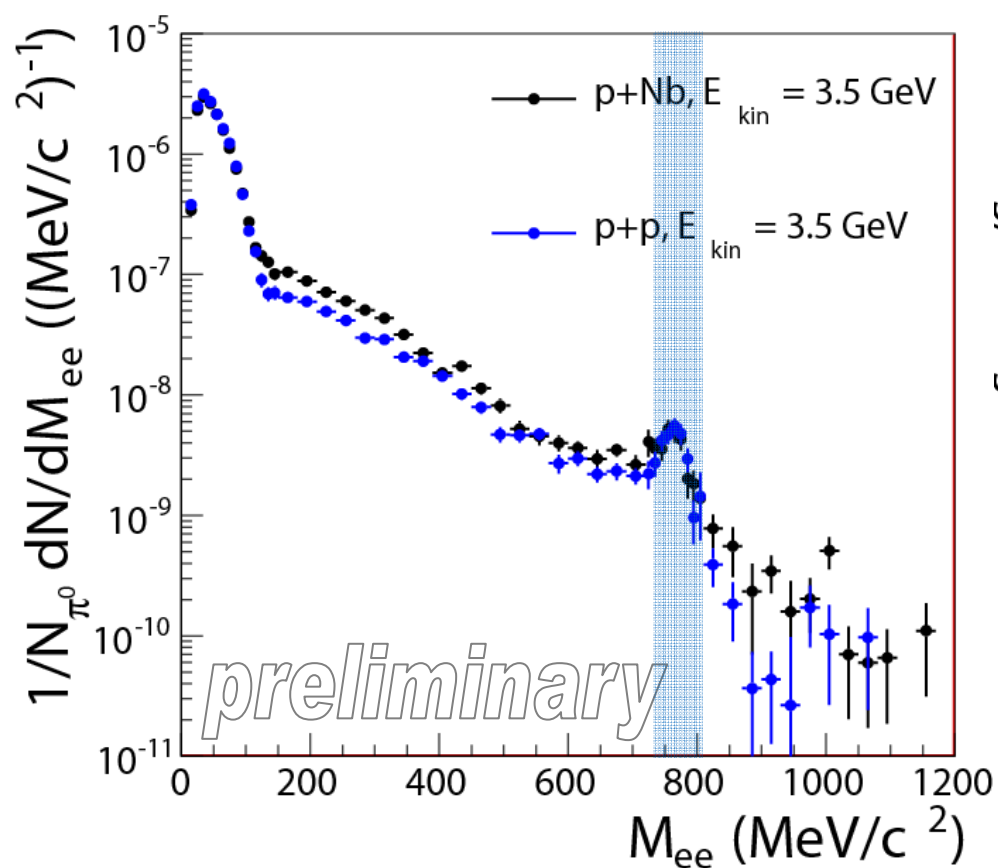
π^0	16.1	± 2.6
η	0.93	± 0.2
ω	0.25	± 0.05
ρ	0.38	± 0.07



Shown on Thursday by A. Rustamov

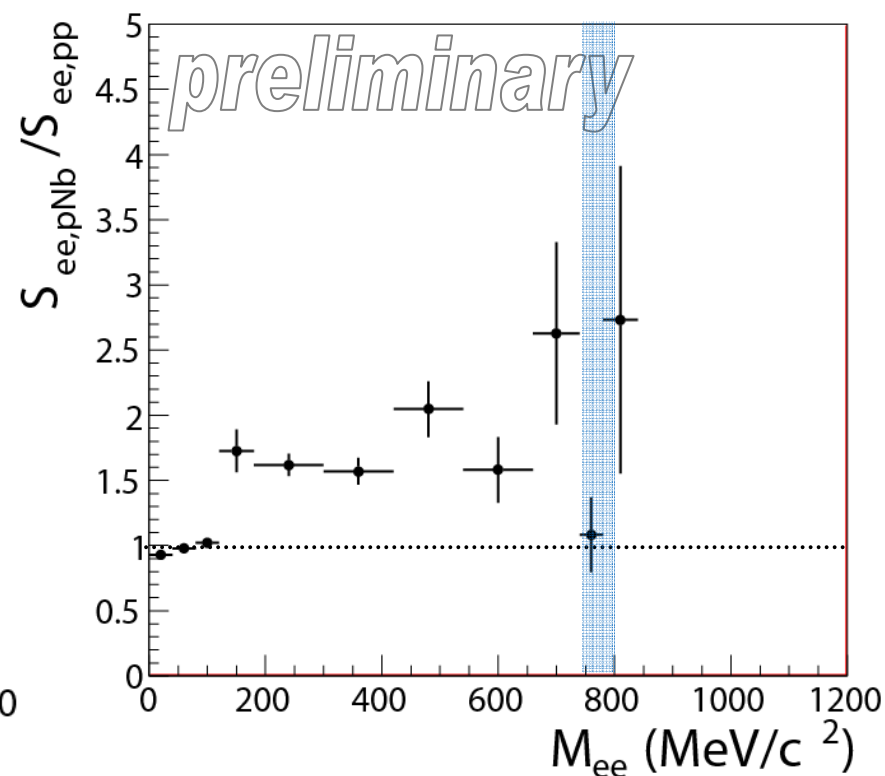
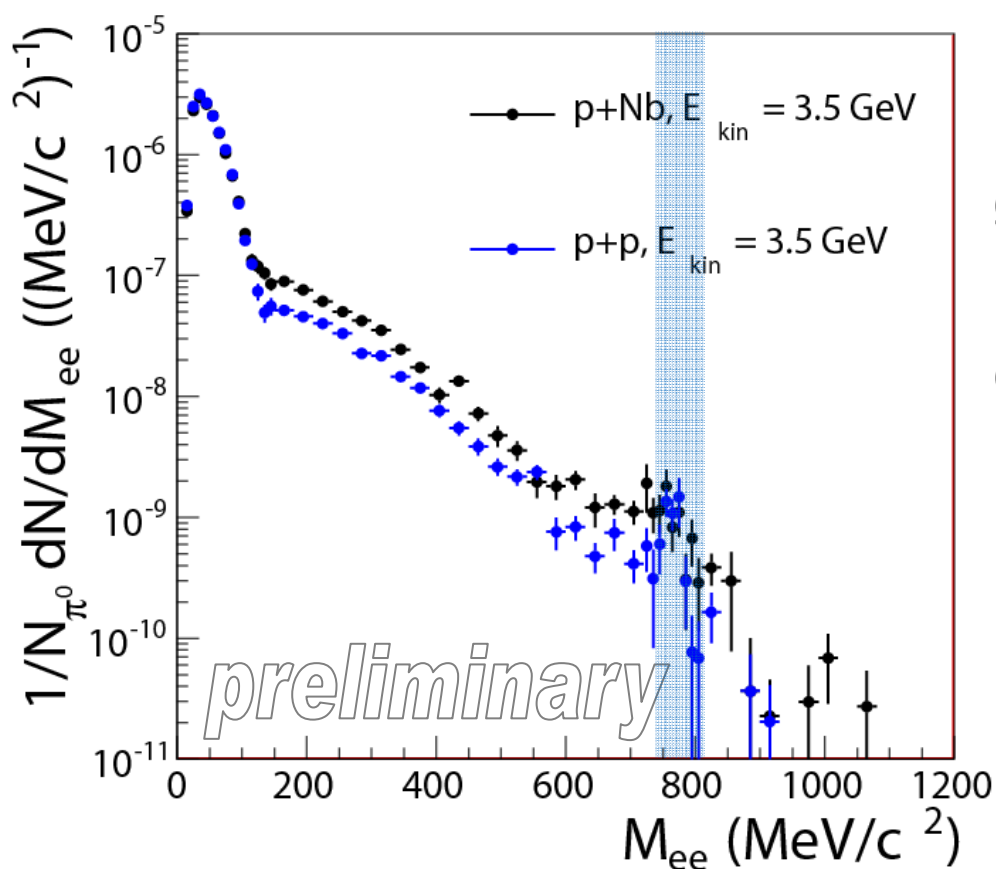
Normalized to π^0 yield

All momenta



Normalized to π^0 yield

$p_{ee} < 800 \text{ MeV/c}$



- $\sigma_{pd} = 2 \sigma_{pp}$ $E_{kin} = 4.88$ GeV
→ neglect isospin effects

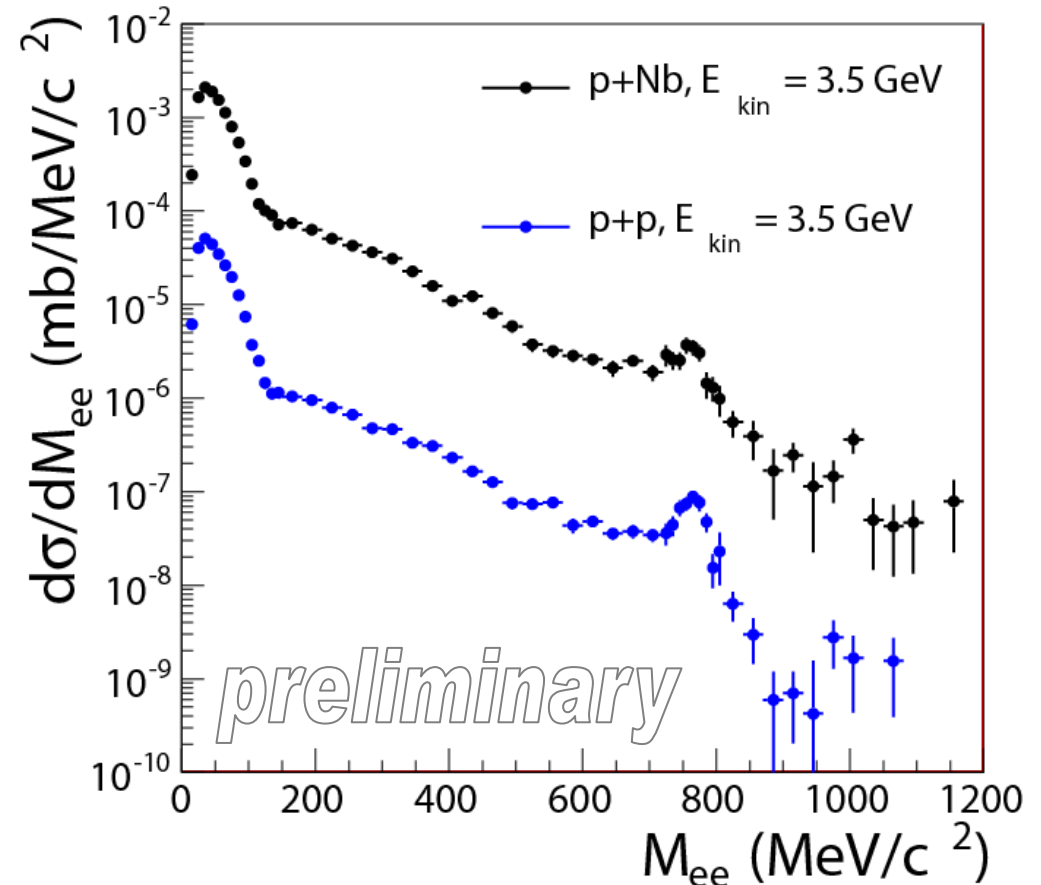
Wilson et al., PRC 57(1997) 1865

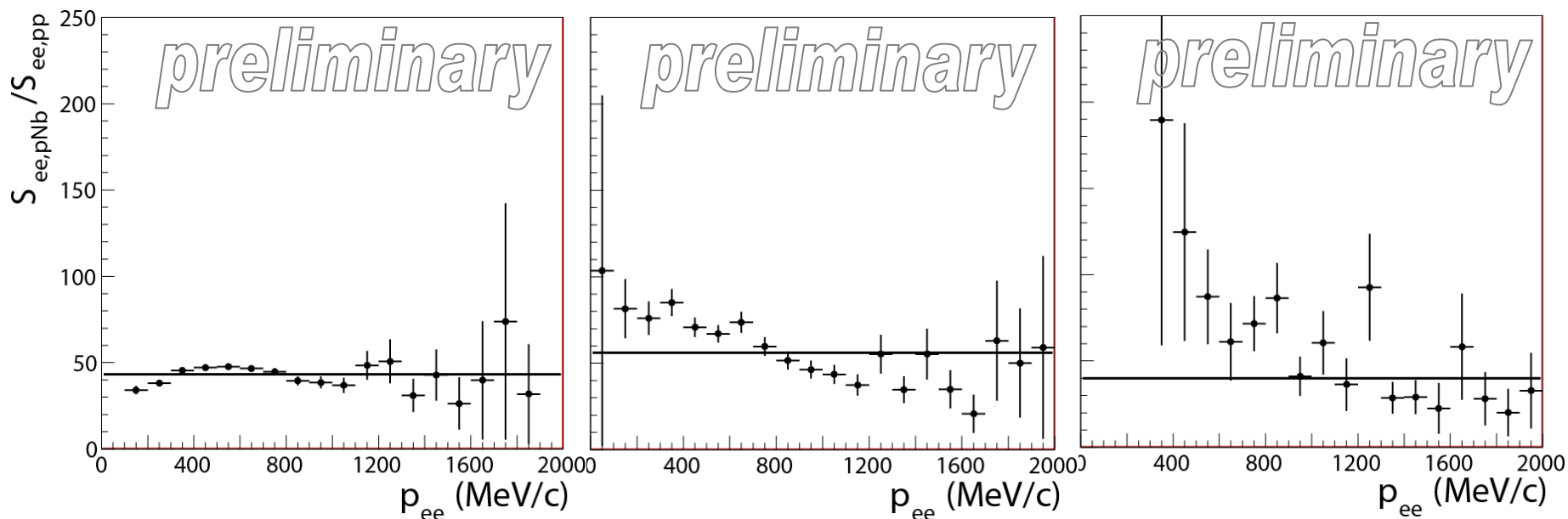
- A dependence of production / absorption:

$$R_{pA} = \frac{(d\sigma/dM)_{pA}}{(d\sigma/dM)_{pp}} = A^\alpha$$

- Expectation:
 - Surface production: $\alpha = 2/3$
 - Glauber scaling for π : $\alpha \sim 0.8$

W.Cassing et al., PLB 238 (1990) 25





π^0 :

- ratio = 43
- $\alpha = 0.83$

η :

- ratio = 56
- $\alpha = 0.89$

ω/ρ :

- ratio = 40
- $\alpha = 0.81$

Findings:

- π^0 region : no p dependence, scaling with Glauber model
- $M_{ee} > 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$: p dependence
- $M_{ee} > 150 \text{ MeV}/c^2$: production / absorption different for ω and η

- e^+e^- - pair production in ground state nuclei
- clear ω signal observed ($\sigma_\omega/M_\omega \sim 2\%$)
- significant e^+e^- - yield with low pair momenta ($p < 800 \text{ MeV}/c$)
- A dependence I :
 $\alpha_{\pi^0} \sim 0.83$, $\alpha_\eta \sim 0.89$ and $\alpha_{\omega/\rho} \sim 0.81$
- A dependence II :
 α_η and $\alpha_{\omega/\rho}$ decrease with momentum

- e^+e^- - pair production in ground state nuclei
- clear ω signal observed ($\sigma_\omega/M_\omega \sim 2\%$)
- significant e^+e^- - yield with low pair momenta ($p < 800 \text{ MeV}/c$)
- A dependence I :
 $\alpha_{\pi^0} \sim 0.83$, $\alpha_\eta \sim 0.89$ and $\alpha_{\omega/\rho} \sim 0.81$
- A dependence II :
 α_η and $\alpha_{\omega/\rho}$ decrease with momentum

Perspectives

- Comparison to transport models
- p - dependence and absorption of ρ/ω in matter ?

$$N_{e^+e^-} \propto \Gamma_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-} \cdot \tau_V = \Gamma_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-} / \Gamma_{Tot}$$

- ρ/ω in HI reactions: lifetime of the fireball (regeneration)

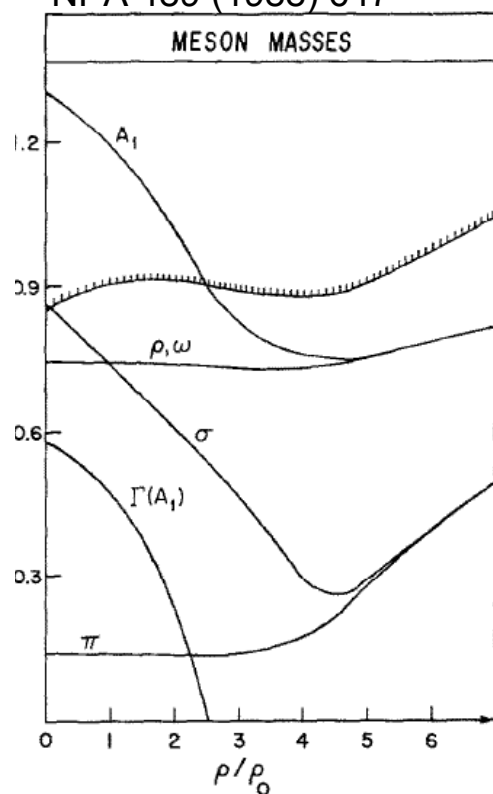
$$N_{e^+e^-} \propto \Gamma_{V \rightarrow e^+e^-} \cdot \tau_{FB}$$

G. Agakishiev, A. Balanda, D. Belver, A. Belyaev, A. Blanco, M. Böhmer,
J. L. Boyard, P. Cabanelas, E. Castro, S. Chernenko, J. Díaz, A. Dybczak,
E. Epple, L. Fabbietti, O. Fateev, P. Finocchiaro, P. Fonte, J. Friese,
I. Fröhlich, T. Galati, D. González-Díaz, F. Guber, T. H. G. Herberichs,
A. Ivashkin, M. J. J. Koenig, B. W. Kolb, A. Kopp, G. Korcyl, A. Krása, F. Krizek,
R. Krücken, H. Kucuk, Kurilkin, P.K. Kählig, V. Ladygin, J. L. L. Liu, L. Lopes,
M. Lorenz, L. Maier, etag, B. Michalska, J. Michel, C. Müntz, Palka, Y. Parpottas,
V. Pechenov, O. Pogoda, B. Ramstein, A. Reshetin, J. Rosler, Salabura, A. Schmah,
J. Siebenson, Yu.G. Sobolev, T. Solovieva, S. Spataro, B. Spruck,
H. Ströbele, J. Stroth, C. Sturm, M. Sudol, A. Tarantola, K. Teilab, P. Tlusty,
M. Traxler, R. Trebacz, H. Tsertos, V. Wagner, M. Weber, J. Wüstenfeld,
S. Yurevich, Y. Zanevsky



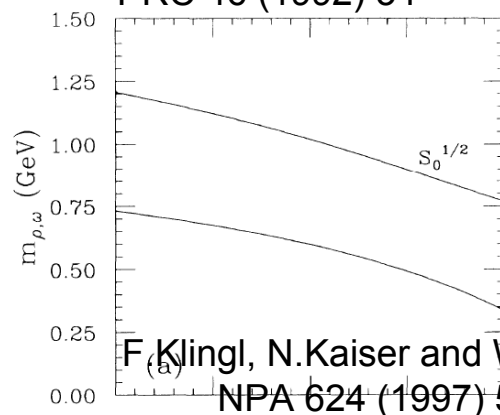
BONUS slides

V. Bernard and U.G. Meissner,
NPA 489 (1988) 647

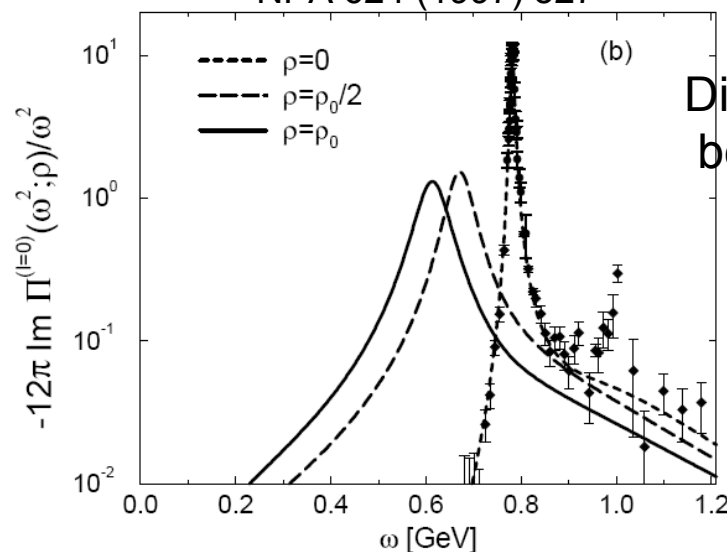


mass degeneracy
with density

T. Hatsuda and S.H. Lee,
PRC 46 (1992) 34

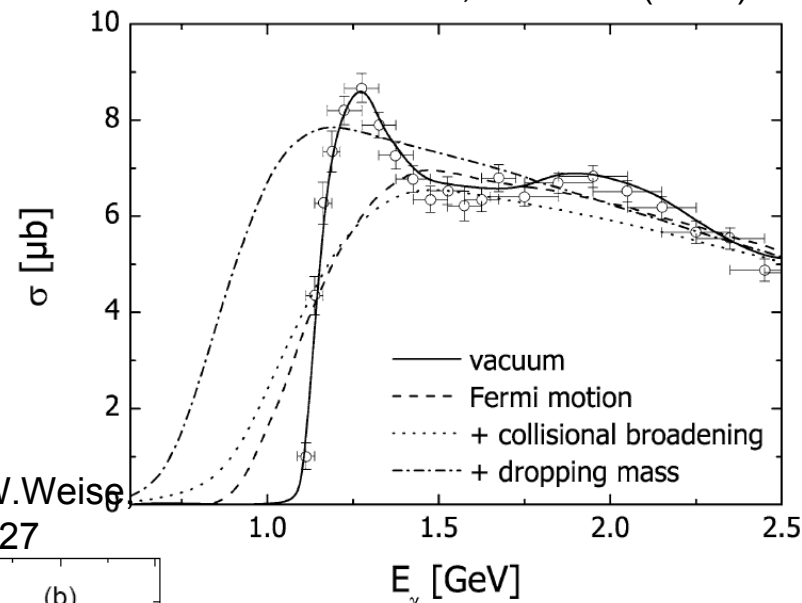


F. Klingl, N. Kaiser and W. Weise,
NPA 624 (1997) 527



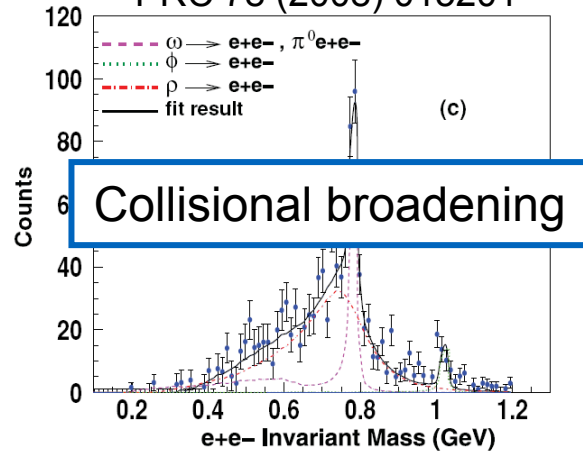
Mass shift + Broadening

P. Mühlich and U. Mosel, NPA 773 (2006) 256

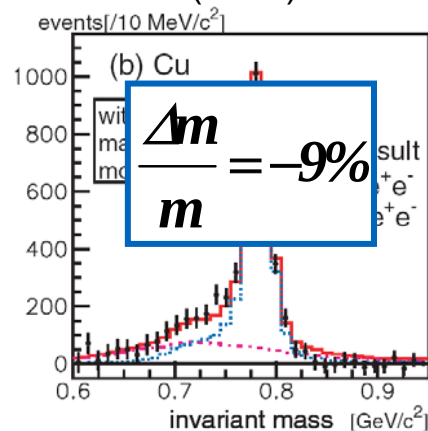


Different excitation function
behaviour for different scenarios

M.H.Wood et al.,
PRC 78 (2008) 015201



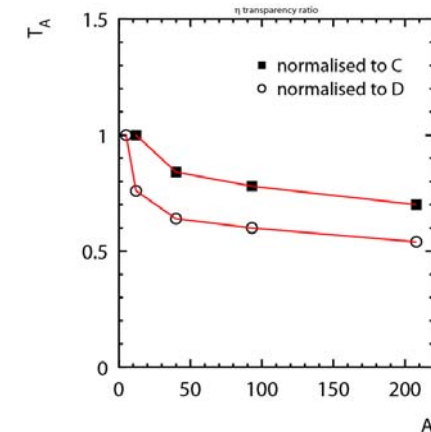
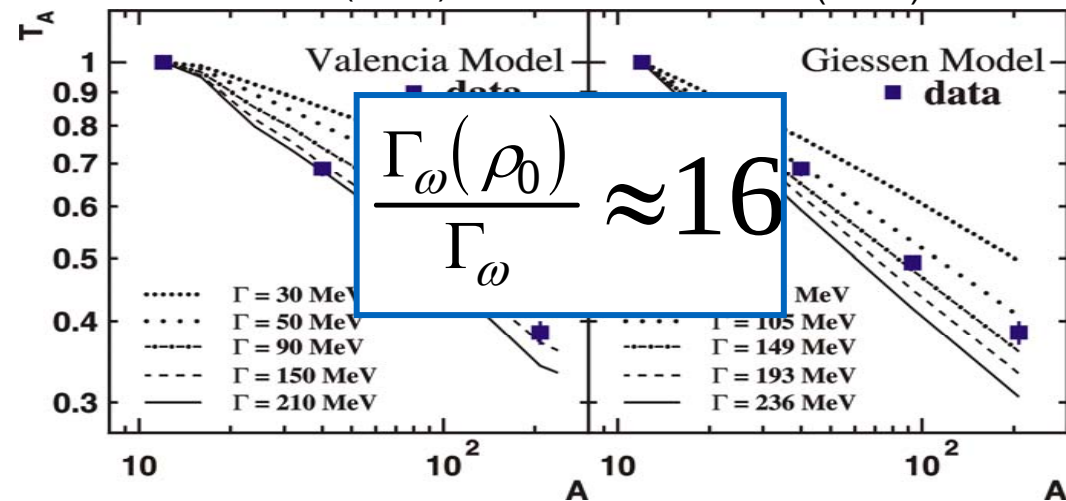
M.Naruki et al.,
PRL 96 (2006) 092301

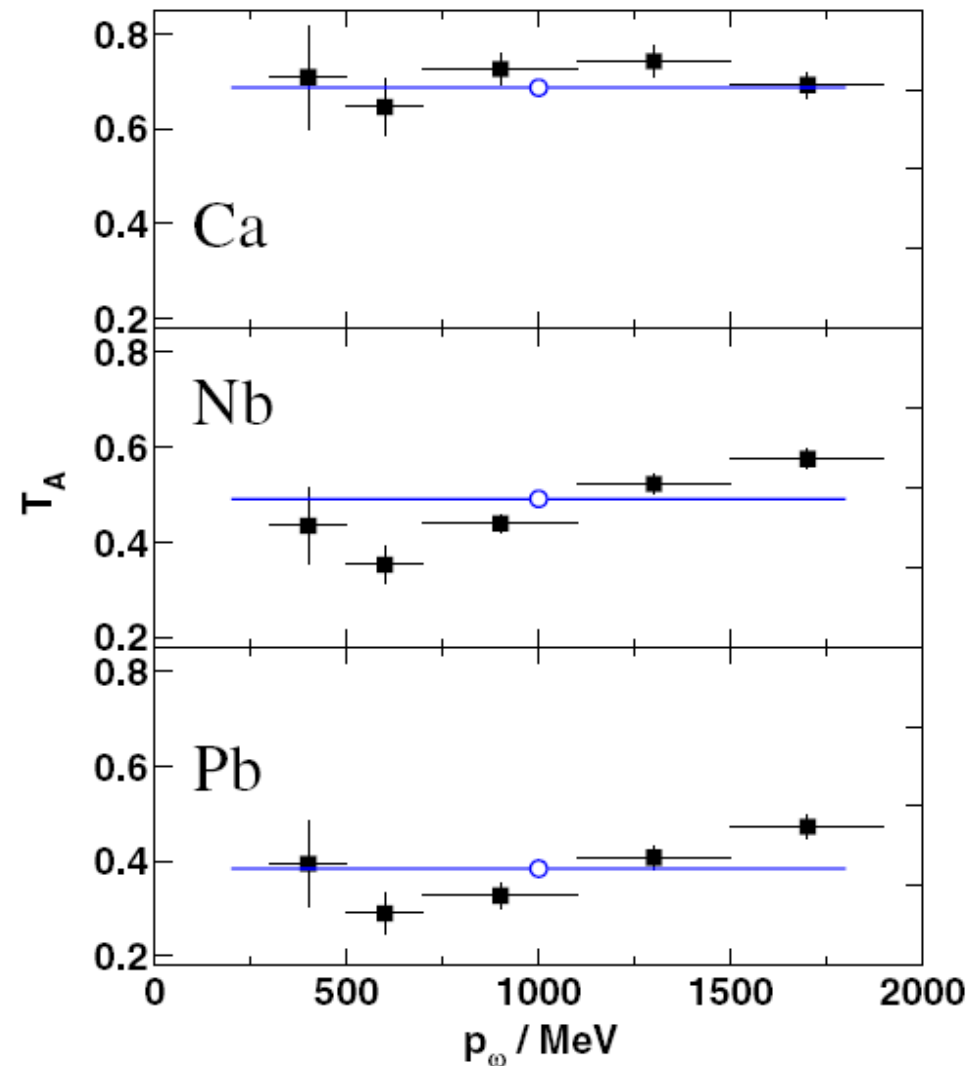


M.Kotulla et al., PRL 100 (2008) 192302

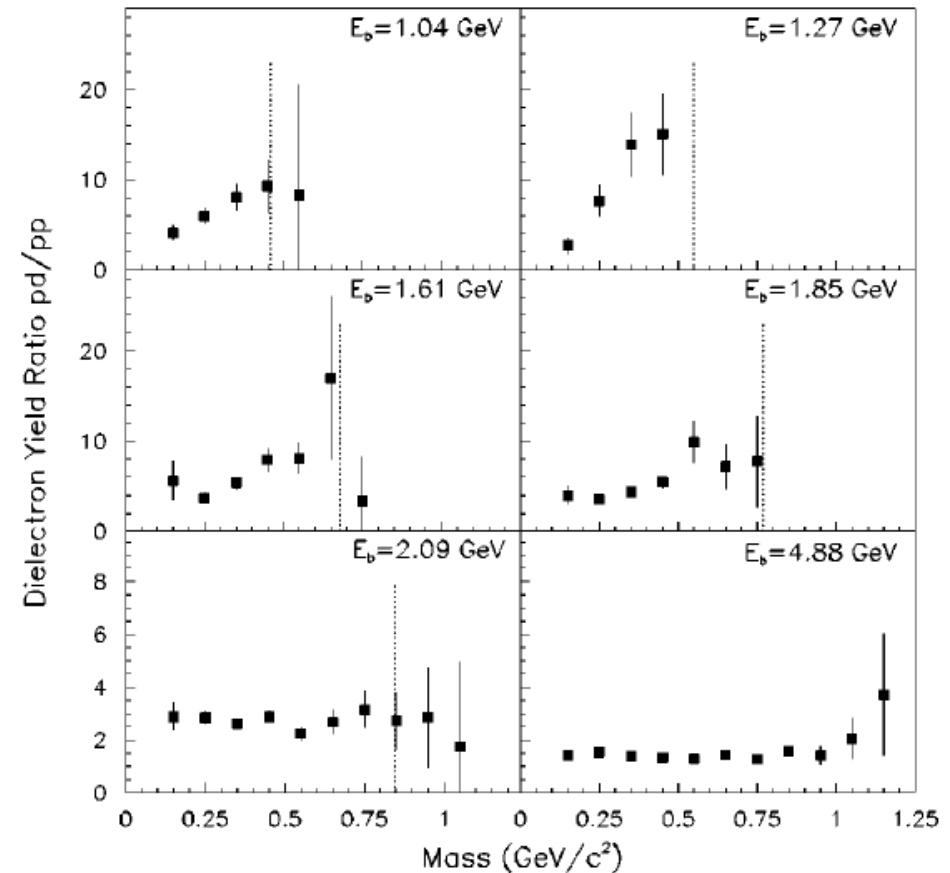
M.Kaskulov et al.,
EPJ A 31 (2007) 245

P. Mühlich and U. Mosel
NPA 773 (2006) 156

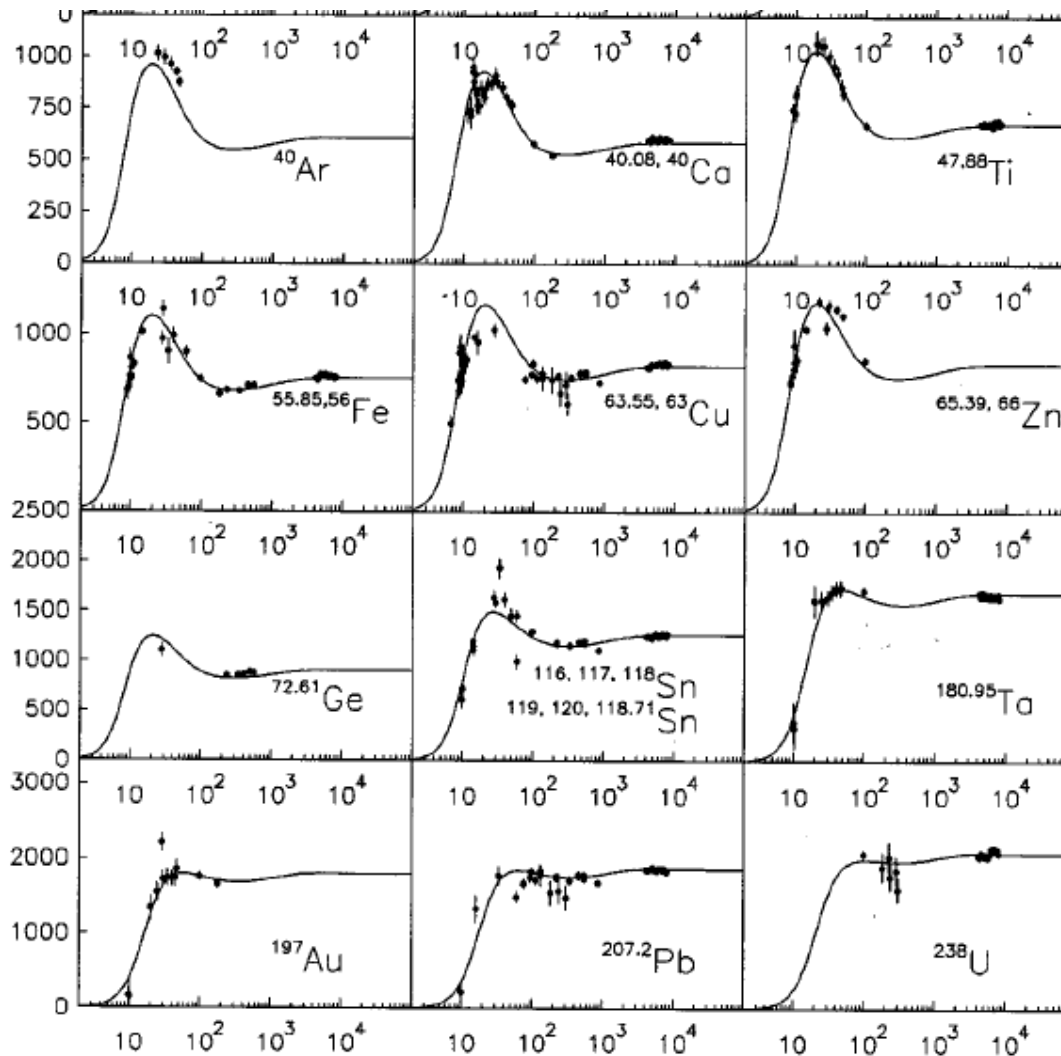


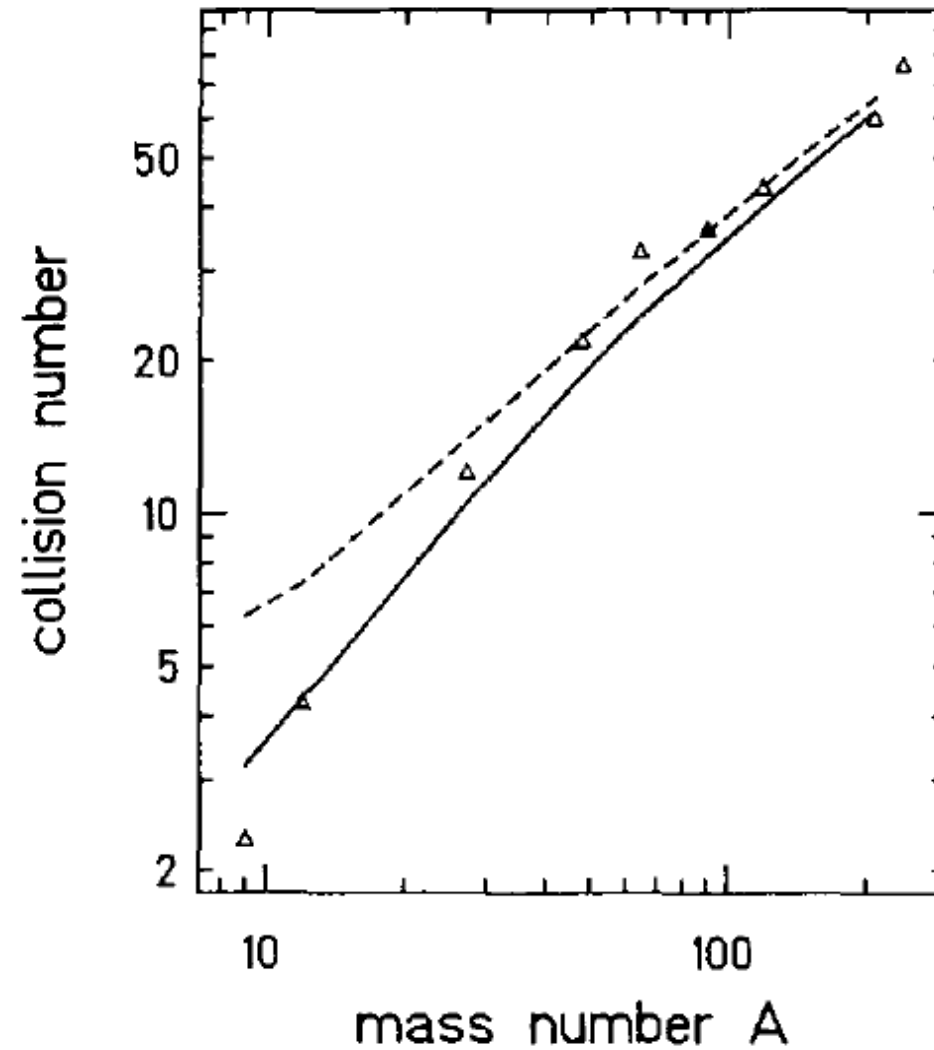


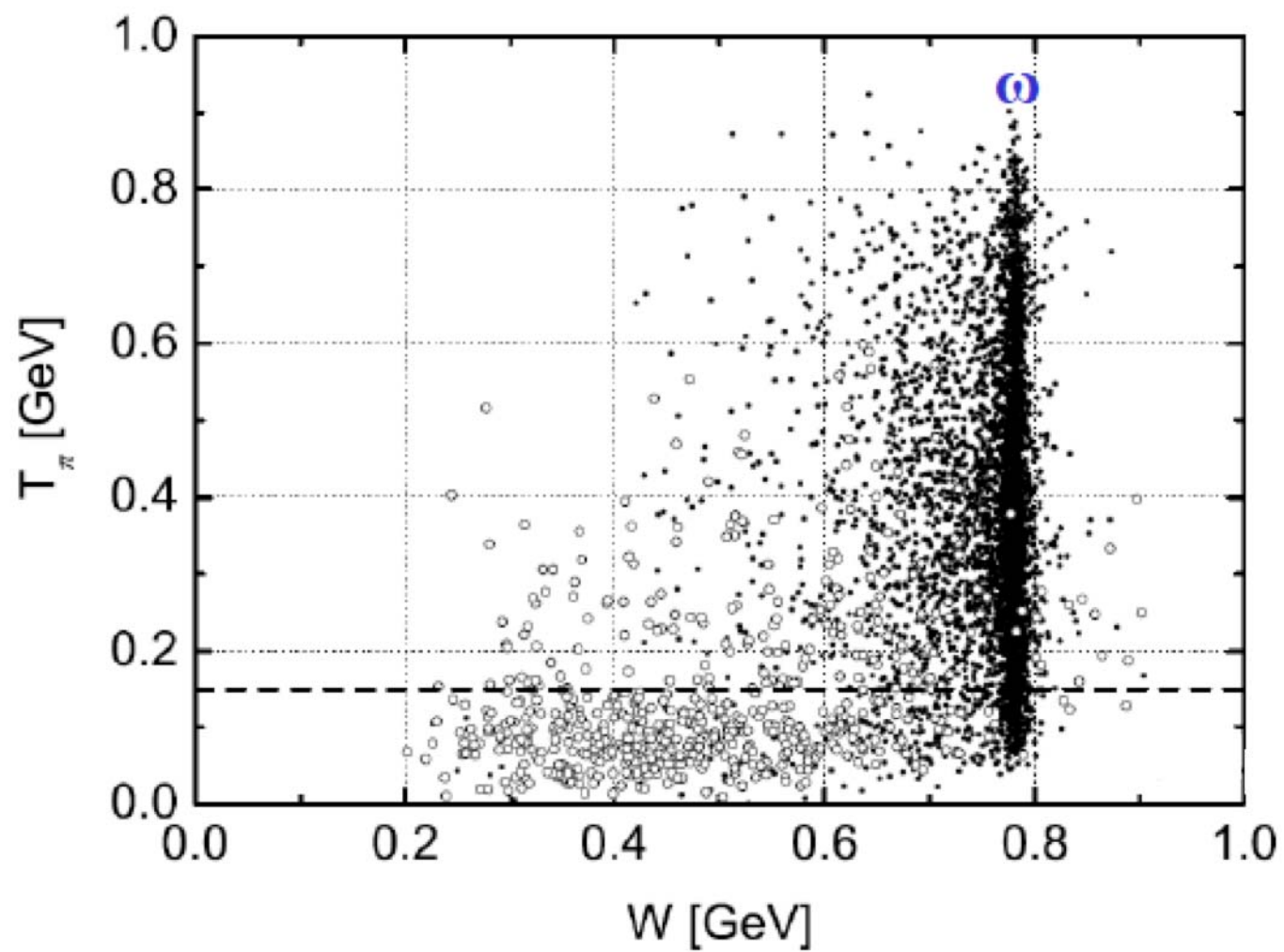
- Dielectron cross sections in p+p and p+d at beam energies from 1.04 to 4.88 GeV measured with DLS
- Decreasing mass dependence of pd/pp with increasing beam energy
- pd cross section becomes approximately twice the pp cross section at all masses with increasing beam energy



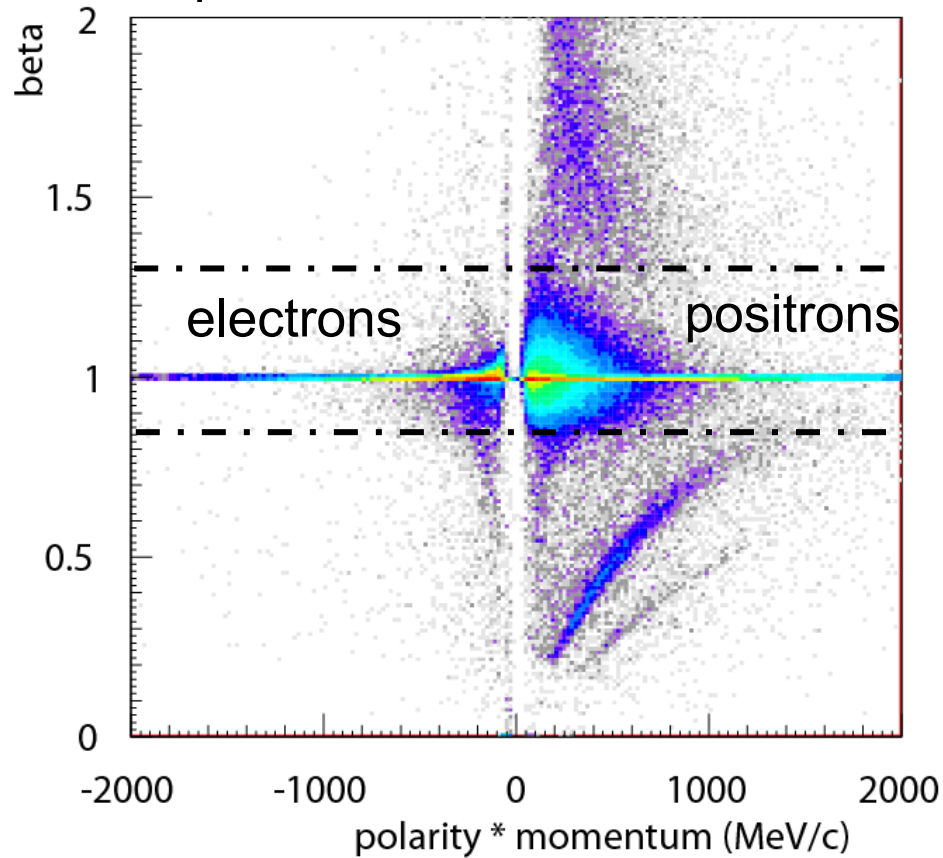
W.K.Wilson et al., PRC 57 (1997) 1865





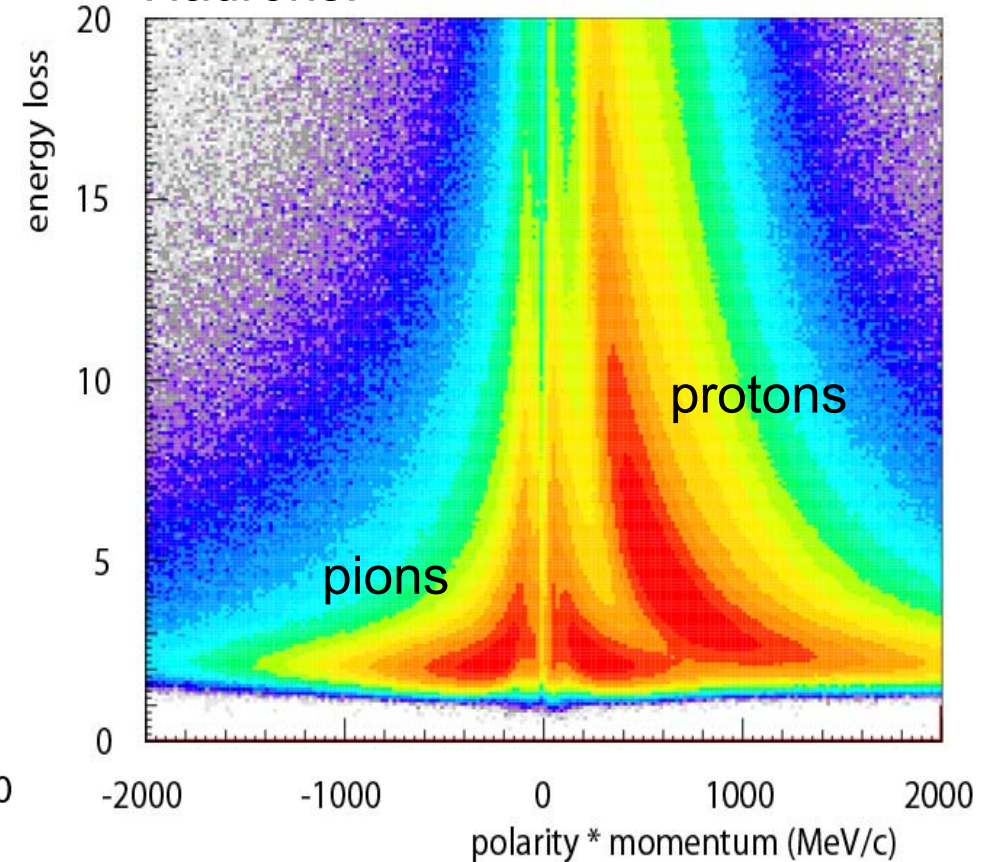


Leptons:



- RICH – track correlation
- Particle velocity

Hadrons:

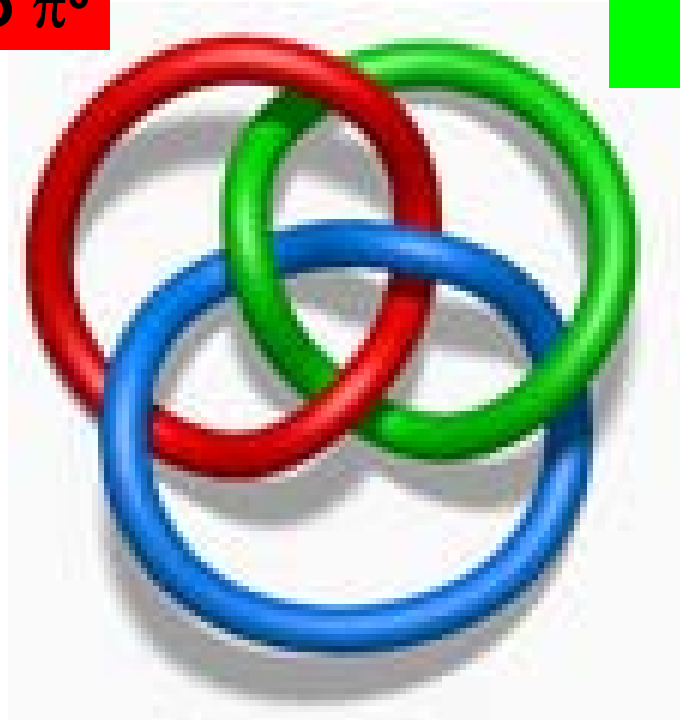


- energy loss

BUT: How to get information on ω ?

Normalization to π^0

**Isospin dependence
(production)**



**Mass dependence
(production/absorption)**

BUT: How to get information on ω ?

- isospin dependence ???
- mass dependence ???
- absorption

→ Do not normalize to pions?

pn/pp production at threshold:

η : $\times 6.5$ ($Q_{\text{HADES}} = 750 \text{ MeV}$)

ω/ρ : $\times 2$ ($Q_{\text{HADES}} = 520 \text{ MeV}$)

BUT: decreasing difference
with increasing energy

H.Calen et al., PRC 58 (1998) 2667
S.Barsov et al., EPJA 21 (2004) 521

DLS

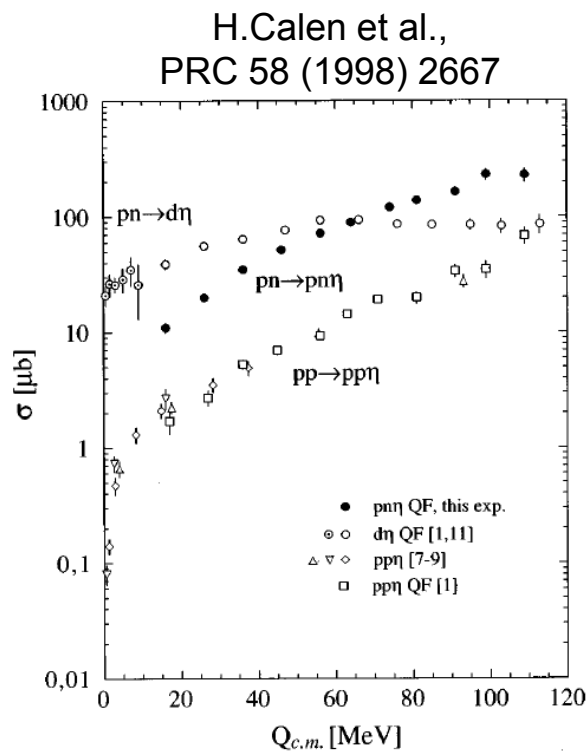
production: $\sim A^{2/3}$

OR

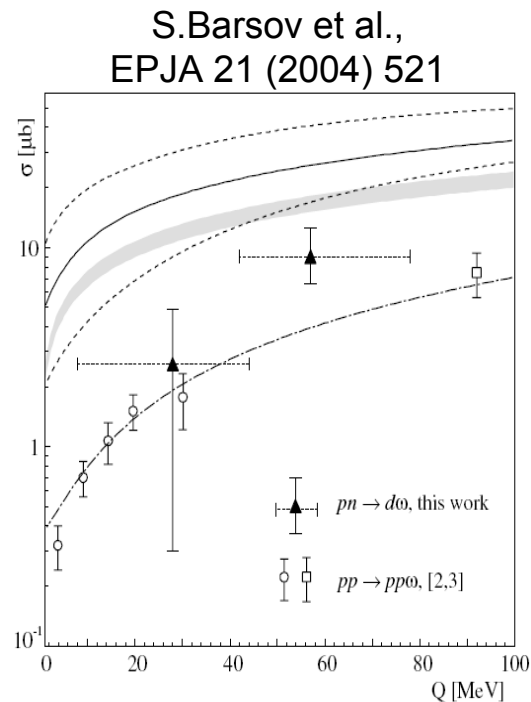
assume production $\sim A$
→ absorption

T.Tabaru et al.,
PRC 74 (2006) 025201

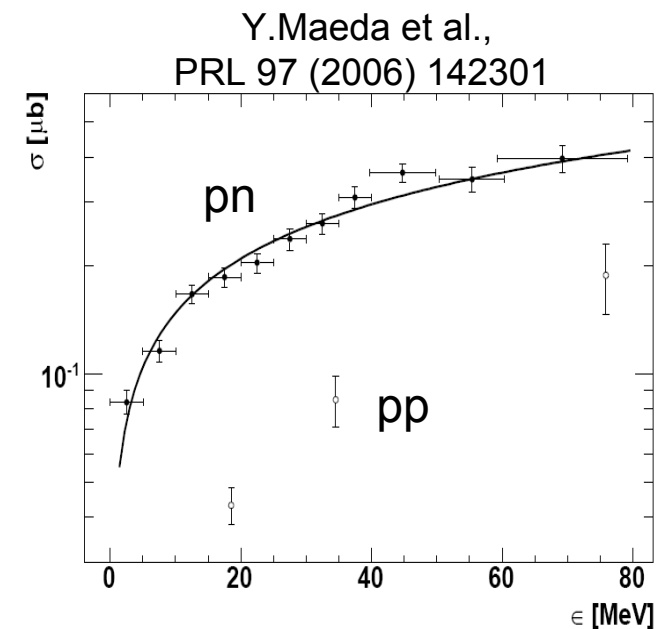
M.Kotulla et al.,
PRL 100 (2008) 192302



η : $\times 6.5$



ω : $\times 2$



Φ : $\times 2$

Excess of meson production in pn over pp
expected close to threshold (factor 2) and smaller at higher energies
→ See more omegas and phis in pA than pp

- Φ : $A^{0.937}$
- Ω : $A^{0.710}$

