

Dynamical coupled-channels approach to the $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta n$ process

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EBAC Project

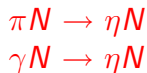
Meson 2008 - June 9th 2008

Plan

- 1 Introduction
- 2 Theoretical framework
- 3 Free parameters, Database
- 4 Results
- 5 Summary and concluding remarks

Introduction

- $\pi N \rightarrow \eta N$: though (almost) no recent measurements, intensive development of coupled-channels approaches $MB \rightarrow M'B'$
- Important amount of high quality data on electromagnetic meson production (CLAS, ELSA, GRAAL, LEPS, MAMI) : $\gamma N \rightarrow \eta N$



⇒ better knowledge of PDG' resonances

⇒ discovery of new resonances ?

Introduction

coupled-channels $\gamma N \rightarrow \pi N \dots \rightarrow \eta N$

↓

$\pi N \rightarrow MB \equiv \pi N, \eta N, \pi \Delta, \sigma N, \rho N \rightarrow \eta N$

↔ intermediate state dynamic

⇒ $\pi N \rightarrow \eta N$ process study

Present work : $\pi^- p \rightarrow \eta n$

Derivation of coupled equations

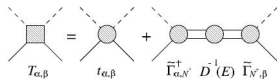
Lippman-Schwinger equation (potentials derived from a set of phenomenological Lagrangians) :

$$T(E) = V + V \frac{1}{E - H_0 + i\epsilon} T(E)$$

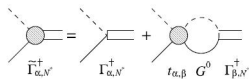
Standard projection operators technic in the $N^* \oplus \pi N \oplus \eta N \oplus \pi \Delta \oplus \sigma N \oplus \rho N$ space

→ the result can be written as (non-resonant term)+(resonant term)

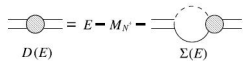
$$T_{MB,M'B'}(E) = t_{MB,M'B'}(E) + t_{MB,M'B'}^R(E)$$



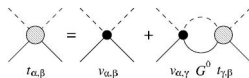
non-resonant + resonant



dressed resonant vertex



resonant self-energy



non-resonant T-matrix

Derivation of coupled equations (2)

non-resonant T-matrix

$$t_{MB, M' B'}^R(E) = v_{MB, M' B'} + \sum_{M'' B''} v_{MB, M'' B''} G_{M'' B''}(E) t_{M'' B'', M' B'}^R(E)$$

Resonant T-matrix

$$t_{MB, M' B'}^R(E) = \sum_{N_i^*, N_j^*} \bar{\Gamma}_{MB \rightarrow N_i^*}(E) [D(E)]_{i,j}^{-1} \bar{\Gamma}_{N_j^* \rightarrow M' B'}(E)$$

propagator :

$$[D(E)]_{i,j}^{-1} = \frac{1}{(E - M_{N_i^*}^0) \delta_{i,j} - \bar{\Sigma}_{ij}(E)}$$

self-energy

$$\bar{\Sigma}_{ij}(E) = \sum_{MB} \Gamma_{N_i^* \rightarrow MB} G_{MB}(E) \bar{\Gamma}_{MB \rightarrow N_j^*}$$

vertex :

$$\bar{\Gamma}_{MB \rightarrow N^*}(E) = \Gamma_{MB \rightarrow N^*} + \sum_{M' B'} t_{MB, M' B'}^R(E) G_{M' B'}(E) \Gamma_{M' B' \rightarrow N^*}$$

Process : $M(\vec{k}) + B(-\vec{k}) \rightarrow M'(\vec{k}') + B'(-\vec{k}')$

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{4\pi}{k^2} \rho_{M' B'}(k') \rho_{MB}(k) \frac{1}{(2j_M + 1)(2j_B + 1)} \sum_{m_{j_M}, m_{j_B}} \sum_{m'_{j_M}, m'_{j_B}} |\langle M' B' | T(E) | MB \rangle|^2$$

Free parameters, Database

Study of the process $\pi N \rightarrow \eta N$ with a coupled-channels formalism :

- 5 channels MB= $\pi N, \eta N, \pi \Delta, \sigma N, \rho N$
- 9 resonances : $S_{11}(1535), S_{11}(1650), P_{11}(1440), P_{11}(1710), P_{13}(1720), D_{13}(1520), D_{13}(1700), D_{15}(1675), F_{15}(1680)$

Free parameters :

- EBAC : $\pi N \rightarrow \pi N$: 175 free parameters (10000 points)(Phys. Rev. C 76,065201 (2007))
- $\pi N \rightarrow \eta N$: 29 most relevant parameters
 - ▶ non-resonant terms : 2 free parameters (with constraints)
 - ★ $g_{\eta NN} \in [1; 5]$
 - ★ $V_{\eta NN} \in [600; 1200]$ MeV
 - ▶ resonant terms : 3 free parameters per resonance (with constraints)
 - ★ $M_{N^*}^0 \in [M^0 - 20\text{MeV}; M^0 + 20\text{MeV}]$
 - ★ $g_{\eta NN^*}$
 - ★ Λ

Fitted database : 294 points ($W \leq 2\text{GeV}$). Most of the data are from the 80's \rightarrow some inconsistencies. One set of data is from 2005.

Results

Two curves

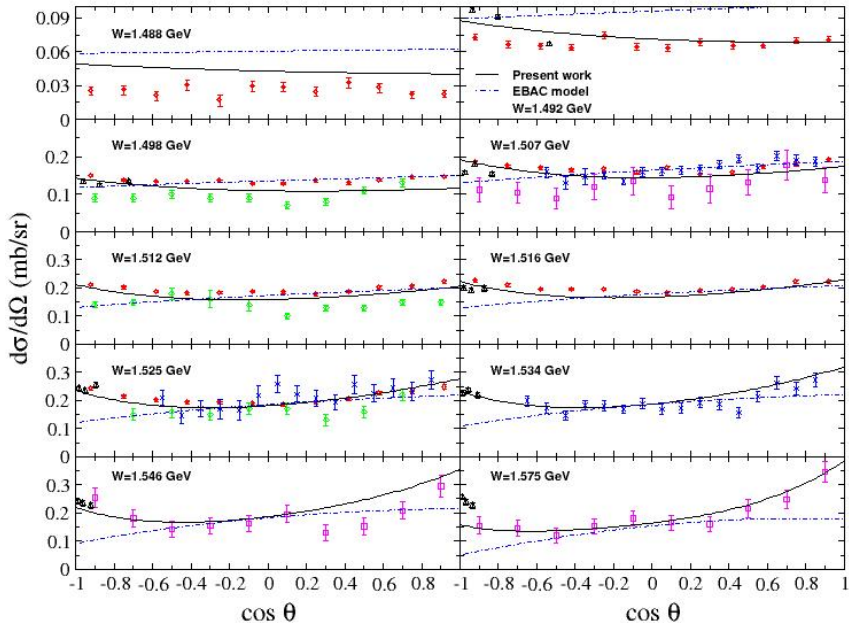
- Present work
- EBAC model (Phys. Rev. C 76,065201 (2007))

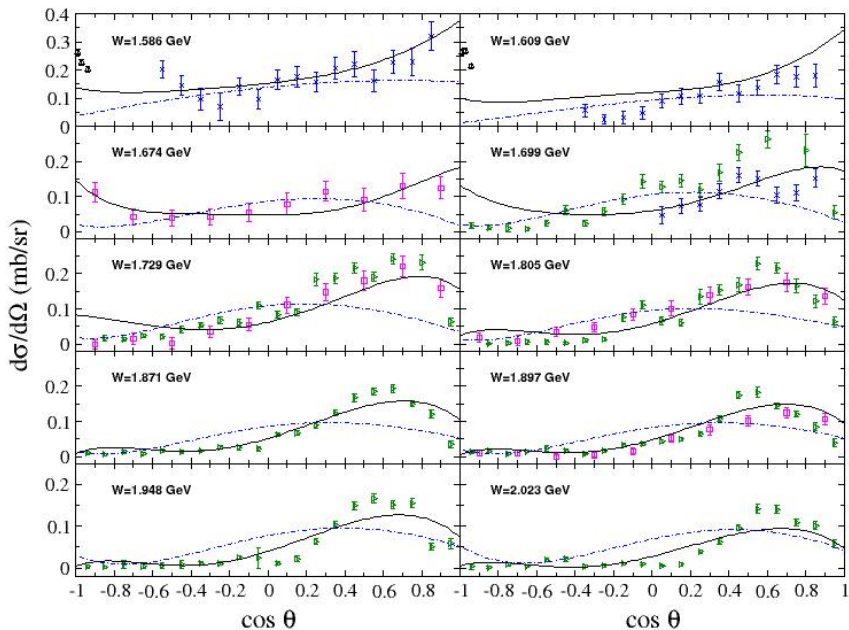
$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$ in the range $1.4\text{GeV} \leq W \leq 2\text{GeV} \Leftrightarrow 0.7\text{GeV} \leq p_{\pi\text{lab}} \leq 1.5\text{GeV}$

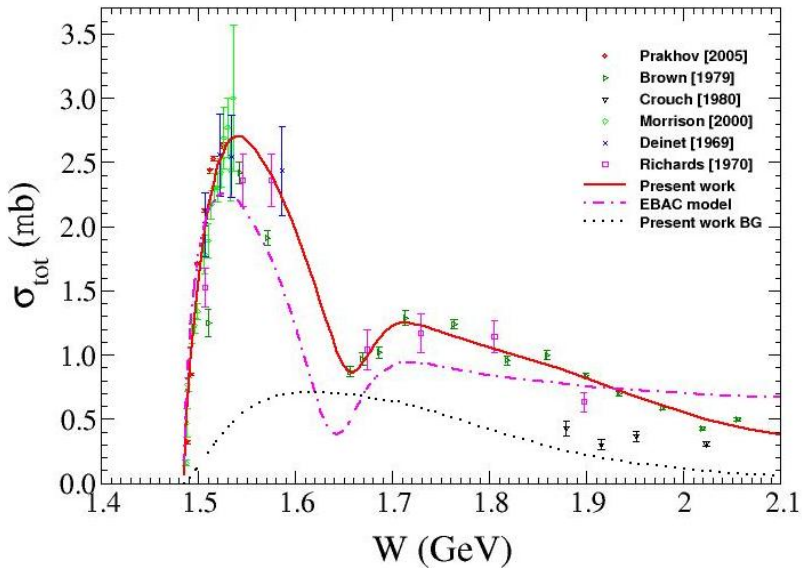
More details in the manuscript :

arXiv :0804.3476v1 [nucl-th] 22 Apr 2008

J.Durand, B. Julià-Díaz, T.-S.H.Lee, B.Saghai and T. Sato





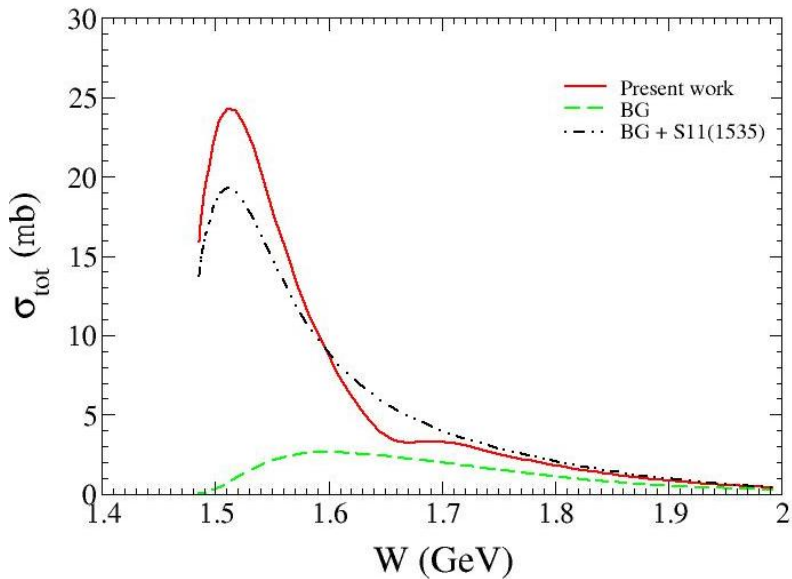


Prediction of the scattering length for the process $\eta N \rightarrow \eta N$:

$$a_{\eta N} = (0.301 + i0.182) \text{ fm}$$

$$\text{Re}(a_{\eta N}) \in [0; 1] \text{ fm et } \text{Im}(a_{\eta N}) \in [0; 0.5] \text{ fm}$$

Phys. Rev C 72,045202 (2005)



Summary and conclusions



- Coupled-channels formalism : $MB = \pi N, \eta N, \pi \Delta, \sigma N, \rho N$

$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$ in the range $1.4\text{GeV} \leq W \leq 2\text{GeV}$

- reaction mechanism : $S_{11}(1535), P_{11}(1440), P_{13}(1720), S_{11}(1650), F_{15}(1680), P_{11}(1710), D_{13}(1520), D_{15}(1675), D_{13}(1700)$

\Rightarrow model ready for the next step : $\gamma p \rightarrow MB \rightarrow \eta n$

Moreover, ηN scattering length and total cross section prediction

