Scalar $K\bar{K}$ production close to threshold at ANKE

<u>Alexey Dzyuba</u> for the ANKE collaboration Petersburg Nuclear Physics Institute

Fundamental properties of the scalar resonances $a_0/f_0(980)$, like their masses, widths and couplings to $K\bar{K}$, are poorly known. In particular, precise knowledge of the latter quantity would be of great importance since it can be related to the $K\bar{K}$ content of these resonances.

The main goal of the experimental program, which is under way at COSY-Jülich (ANKE and WASA spectrometers), is the extraction of the isospin-violating a_0/f_0 mixing amplitude.

As a first step, the production of $(K\bar{K})_{I=1}$ pairs has been investigated at ANKE in the reaction $pp \to dK^+\bar{K}^0$ at excitation energies Q of 46 [1] and 105 MeV. Partial wave analyses of the invariant mass and angular spectra show, the dominance of the a_0 -channel $([d(K\bar{K})_s]_P \text{ configuration}).$

In the non-isospin selective $pn \to dK^+K^-$ reaction the scalar $K\bar{K}$ production is strongly suppressed with respect to vector ϕ mesons.

As the next step, a measurement of the isoscalar KK production in the isospin selective reaction $dd \rightarrow \alpha K^+ K^-$ will be performed in April 2006 and the results of a first analysis will be presented.

[1] V. Kleber et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 91, 172304 (2003)

E-mail: a.dzyuba@fz-juelich.de